

financial, or in the nature of supplies, will be forthcoming if the bolshevik persist in a design to march into disunited Polish territory.

It is stated unofficially, but on high authority, that the bolsheviks are in the form of troops if they are required.

Already a large number of allied forces and submarines are with the Polish army, which, it is declared, will be increased according to circumstances with as many divisions of infantry, tank detachments, air forces, and artillery as may be transported in due time.

REDS BENT ON WARSAW

BY PAUL WILLIAMS.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(By Special Cable.)
(Copyright: 1920: By the Tribune Company.)
WARSAW, July 22.—There is no longer any doubt here that the bolsheviks are determined to capture Warsaw under protection of their military, and install a Polish soviet with which they will negotiate for a cessation of hostilities. After the new member is properly installed into the brotherhood he will be treated according to the rules of the game.

Just how the world would accept such a bewildering transition and its consequent development in neighboring nations are of interest and importance even to our isolated Uncle Sam.

The enemy program is developing favorably both on the field of diplomacy and on the field of battle. In the former, the Reds took the initiative and eliminated the allies from purporting on the Polish question—a move which can result only favorably to them. In the latter, their troops, although checked in the southeast and south, continue their progress in the north, where they are making their principal effort.

ALARM IN ENGLAND

BY JOHN STEELE.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(By Special Cable.)
(Copyright: 1920: By the Tribune Company.)
LONDON, July 22.—The British public is alarmed and puzzled this morning by the reports of Prime Minister Lloyd George's speech of Russia yesterday, which some newspapers interpret as a warning that a new war on a large scale is imminent.

On the authority of a high official it is possible to contradict this view in so far as a possibility of large military operations by the allied armies is concerned. If, however, the official is correct, it is possible to see how the allied army in an aggressive war on Poland European peace will be postponed for six months or a year, and of course there always is a danger the allies will be unable to localize the conflagration.

Plans at Present.
At present the plans are to institute a strict blockade of Russia; to give the Poles every possible aid in munitions, supplies, money, and officers, and to finance Wrangel and any other sections of Russia in a revolt against the soviets.

It is hoped by this means to bring the soviets to their senses without the necessity of undertaking a large war. Meanwhile trade negotiations with Russia and Krasin and Karmozin definitely are off until the Polish question is settled.

GERMANY'S BARS UP

BERLIN, July 22.—Dr. Simons, the foreign minister, speaking before the foreign affairs committee of the reichstag, declared that in event the allies contemplated the dispatch of troops through Germany for the aid of Poland Germany would vigorously protest.

A note on the attitude of Germany in the Russian-Polish crisis was presented at Paris yesterday.

The German declaration of neutrality in this crisis, said the minister, is "proof that Germany was at peace with both Russia and Poland, and could not agree to any plan for aiding Poland."

Germany, continued Dr. Simons, would protect her frontiers against the troops of both belligerents and any forces violating this order would be disarmed.

Vorwaerts says that Germany is reinforcing her troops on the frontier by local defense troops and intends to guard the frontier with the plebeian troops with German troops to obviate the possibility of a conflict between French and Russian troops, which might bring the war to German soil.

Reds Capture Grodno.
WARSAW, July 21.—The Polish communication issued today announces that the bolsheviks have captured the town of Grodno, which the Poles defended with all their strength.

In the south the detachment of Red infantry, which crossed the east Galicia frontier, was pushed back across the Zbrucz river after an all day fight.

Proceeding the loss of Grodno the Poles forced the enemy from the forts north of Grodno, but the Reds counter-attacking with reinforcements, compelled the Poles to withdraw to the south.

1,000 YANKEES AT DANZIG

Washington, D. C., July 22.—The commander of the army transport Pocahontas, which is due at Danzig July 21, has instructions to communicate with J. C. White, chargé d'affaires at Warsaw, concerning the removal of Americans who may wish to leave Poland.

Approximately 1,000 Americans, more than 100 of whom are women, are now at Danzig.

The greater part of them are engaged in various kinds of relief work.

DRINK
Green River
THE SNAPPY LIME DRINK

AT ALL
FOUNTAINS—BOTTLED



1.—The bolshevik army is concentrating its operations at the point west of Bialystok. This point is moving westward about twenty miles a day. Its objective is Thorn, at the mouth of the Vistula, which, established by the Versailles treaty, gives Poland access to the sea.

2.—By the capture of Thorn the Reds hope to cut off the danger of help from the allies—troops from France and material from England.

3.—East Prussia is Germany's stake in the Red map from moving across Poland. The resident population is anti-bolshevik and has a large supply of arms, even cannon, concealed about the countryside. But there is a discontented army of jobless which Berlin fears may make connections with the bolsheviks.

4.—The port of Danzig, secured by Poland at Versailles, is the only open way by which the allies can send help to Poland, since Germany undoubtedly would refuse to let the allies use her railways.

5.—The bolsheviks are driving in the Polish defenders of Dabno, the Verdun of southern Poland.

7.—A developing Red drive into Galicia.

FOREIGN NEWS IN BRIEF

BERLIN.—Bolsheviks driving through Bialystok for the mouth of the Danish corridor to cut off communications between Poland and the allies. East Prussia, although anti-communistic, contains a discontented army of jobless which Germany fears may lead Reds into that area. Bolshevics coming toward East Prussia twenty to twenty-five miles a day and still raining elsewhere along the line.

BERLIN.—The latest from Moscow is a Chicagoan, who says soviet Russia will not accept an armistice with Poland unless Poland is fixed so that it cannot reopen its war of aggression. Scorned allied terms unless guarantees are given. Treated like the allies treat Germany, although Russia is the victor.

TOKIO.—Japan agrees to let the new Siberian government alone, if it establishes independence of soviet Russia and just government. Will protect elected members to assembly, if unjustly prevented from attending.

MANILA.—First national convention of dominating Filipino party protests application of coastwise shipping law to Philippines and demands removal of Philippine delegate to Washington.

THE HAGUE.—Wilson hurt American's diplomatic chances by personally attending the Versailles conference.

GENEVA.—Swiss wants tourists to come. Plenty of room.

Insurgents Open Fight on Waiters' Union Chief
Insurgent members of Waiters and Waitresses union No. 7 are fighting "to infuse new blood" into the organization at the annual election next Tuesday. Ben Parker, president of the union, characterizes the insurgents as "bolsheviks" and "I. W. W. agitators," says he will defeat them.

Launch Catches Fire; Ten Jump Overboard
Ten persons jumped overboard into Piatek bay yesterday when the launch Little Duck caught fire. They were rescued. The launch is owned by William Holt of Chicago and was operated by William Farnum. A back fire from the motor ignited gasoline in the bottom of the boat.

WOMAN HAS MEMORY LAPSE.
Mrs. Johanna Stevens, 28 years old, 10018 Langley avenue, was taken to the central station last night by Mrs. Minnie Chapman of the Women's Church federation when she found her acting queerly in front of the Grand Central railroad station. At the station Mrs. Stevens said she had been placed on a train at Boston Harbor, Mich., early in the day, but did not know why. She was sent to the psychopathic hospital for examination.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.
Arrived.
Port.
LANCASTER.....New York
ARGENTINA.....Trieste
EXPRESS.....Shanghai
VENEZUELA.....Yokohama
Port.
COLORADO SPRINGS.....Moula
ARIZONA MARU.....Shanghai
CORSA MARU.....Shanghai
SANTANA.....Shanghai
COLUMBIA.....Shanghai

AT 23 & 25 MADISON, EAST
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O.G. SHOES AND HOSIERY

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The Costume Bootery of
O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG
23-25 Madison Street, East

Maurice L Rothschild
Southwest corner
Jackson and State
Chicago
Minneapolis
St. Paul

Eagle silk shirts
reduced
LANTANA silk, tafeta Tormay, Tambo silk, crepe Cascade; they're all Eagle shirts—that means they're very fine; much finer than ordinary silks. Eagle shirts of these silks sold for \$12, \$13.50, \$15 and \$16.50. Now \$8.50.

Money cheerfully refunded

AT ALL
FOUNTAINS—BOTTLED

DRINK
Green River
THE SNAPPY LIME DRINK

AT ALL
FOUNTAINS—BOTTLED

REDS DEMAND POWERS CAGE POLISH EAGLE

Scorn Armistice as Preliminary to New War.

BY GEORGE SELDES.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(By Special Cable.)
(Copyright: 1920: By the Tribune Company.)
BERLIN, July 22.—After having interviewed Commissar of Foreign Affairs Tchitcherine, diplomats, and generals in Moscow recently, Hurry Kagan, fifty-fifth street and Prairie avenue, Chicago, member of the joint distribution commission with Judge Fisher, arrived in Berlin yesterday.

"The Russian leaders' attitude towards the British armistice proposals," said Mr. Kagan, "is the same as that of the allies towards Germany. They will not agree so long as Poland is capable of reforming its lines, rebuilding its trenches, and reequipping its army with American, French, and British supplies and resuming the war."

Russians Treated as Germans.
"If the armistice terms had assured the Russians that the allies would end the possibility of the Polish resuming war as the soviets would accept, but Great Britain does not permit the Russians to make conditions such as Marshal Poch imposed on the Germans. They say Russians because today there are as many opponents of bolshevism fighting Poland as bolshevics."

"One leader, who is a menschewik, told me, 'Does England think we are children in this war game?'"

"The Polish retreat multiplies the necessity of our relief work. Bolshevism has been evacuated by the Polish army, which madly burned and blew up the town. The population of 15,000 women and children fled to the forest, where they now are living and dying."

Conditions Are Bad.
The most terrible conditions prevail in the war zone. Where homes are spared the Poles destroy factories and mines. This caused the Russian labor unions to address an appeal to the world's labor unions to boycott Poland, as much as the armies are causing unemployment which will last for years.

"Several Americans are in Moscow desiring to return home, but the American government is doing nothing. Harlan Carlson of Chicago asked me to beg his friends to plead with the state department for him and others who are having a hard time. John Reed, the American Communist released from a Finland jail, now is in Moscow working for the third international."

Flyers Dive to Safety
When Plane Stubs Toe
Waukegan, Ill., July 22.—While high diving isn't exactly in the line of Capt. R. F. Archibald and Chief Petty Officer Patrick Murphy of Great Lakes, they made successful 100 foot plunges into Lake Michigan today from a new hydroplane. A motor boat rescued the two divers shortly after. While they were making a practice flight some distance off shore a control wire broke and the plane fell into the lake.

Adopts Democratic Policy.
The buffer state adopts the broadest democratic policy, excluding communism. It will convolve an assembly representing the popular will of the people of the Russian far east, whereupon Japan agrees to cease military intervention with the present factional government immediately after such a representative assembly convenes.

Japan agrees there will be no military interference with the assembly or organization, but it will not be regarded the necessary protection to elected members of the assembly if they be prevented from attending it. Japan agrees to carry out the declaration of July 3 for withdrawal of its forces from the region east of Lake Balkal when conditions are settled.

Bars Soviet Troops.
The Siberians agree that the soviet troops will not enter and will not remain in the territory of the far eastern republic. The Japanese military agrees not to resort to last measures until every possible means have been taken for a settlement of the military difficulties occurring within the buffer state.

The Siberians agree that "the individual rights of the Japanese will be fully respected to the best ability of the buffer state."

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Starts Something Chicago Girl Launches New Plan to Boost Harding.



Miss Emily Larned and her "I'm a Harding Republican" stamp.

Republican women put a bomb under old Gen. Apathy yesterday, and as a result in a few days you'll know that there is a national campaign on, even if you're vacationing in the northern wilds and haven't arranged for the home newspaper to be sent you. The first letter you receive, or the first check sent you, may bear the legend: "I'm a Harding Republican," awakening you to the fact that the campaign is on and you can't escape it.

It is the idea of Miss Emily Larned. She devised a rubber stamp reading "I'm a Harding Republican" and proposed that the women should stamp every letter they write, every check they draw up and everything else that could be stamped with the motto. She didn't bother with campaign managers, but went directly to the candidate. Yesterday she received his endorsement of the plan, and also the tentative approval of F. W. Upham, assistant treasurer of the national committee.

Booze Insurance Soon
to Protect Cellar Stock
New York, July 22.—[Special.]—Private liquor stock in the cellar need no longer be a source of so much uneasiness. The insurance companies, after serving that owners were getting gray trying to safeguard their wet supplies, have provided for a consolation in a money form for the thirsty whose stock is raided by thieves.

The insurance premium is 20 per cent of the value of the stock, and the policy is issued for a year of the initial price of the goods covered and not more than one-fifth of the total policy may be in intoxicants. A special liquor burglary policy is issued shortly after. The rate at which it will be put on the market has not become known.

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Learn driving, repairing, selling, without practice; day or evening classes. Booklet 5 for 1000. Write to Green College, 1000 W. Madison, Chicago, Ill. 555-1234.

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AT 23 & 25 MADISON, EAST
THE COSTUME BOOTERY OF
O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG
O.G. SHOES AND HOSIERY

\$9.85

for O-G White Low Shoes
Oxfords—Ties—Pumps
(values from \$15.00 to \$18.00)

in this bootery is
a feature of the

O-G Semi-Annual Sale
that discerning women
cannot afford to miss!

Ask to see O-G Hosiery at sale prices. The convenience of buying hosiery in this ideally located bootery should certainly appeal to busy shoppers.

The Costume Bootery of
O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG
23-25 Madison Street, East

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FILIPINO PARTY PROTESTS NEW U. S. SHIP LAW

Demands the Removal of
Washington Envoy.

BY FRAZIER HUNT.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(By Special Cable.)
(Copyright: 1920: By the Tribune Company.)
Manila, July 21.—The national convention of the dominating Filipino party, the Nationalista, yesterday passed a strong resolution of protest against application of the United States coastwise law to the Philippines. The whole convention was tinged with a bitter feeling against the law, and an effort will be made to compel the resignation of Resident Commissioner De Veyra, Philippine representative in Washington, for failure to fight the law.

Basils of Protest.
The party protests with a claim the law is a deviation from a United States policy of gradually severing the political ties until it completes the separation of the country, by the establishment of powerful privileged shipping interests, by curtailment of powers already granted to the Philippines, and by possible imposition of an indirect tax without the consent of the island legislature.

American business men likewise are pushing their side of the argument as a result of the shipping controversy, and have formed a new chamber of commerce with 100 charter members, paying \$500 each.

Feeling Very Bitter.
Not for ten years has such a bitter feeling risen in the islands. Coming as it does at a time when the Philippines are worried by a possible change of the independence program by a new administration, it replaces the pleasant cordial relations with a certain bitterness.

Apparently mostly it is a teapot newspaper battle, but there are certain deep feelings engendered on both sides. The law does not become effective until one year and a half, and then only through the United States president, so the Philippines have plenty of opportunity to present their side of the case without arousing the masses here.

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Vacation Specials

Taking a vacation soon? Wherever you go—the seashore, camping, or an automobile trip—a musical instrument that is easy to play and easy to carry will add greatly to your pleasure and the pleasure of others.

BANJO UKULELE OUTFIT
Shell of two pieces hard cedar, neck of maple, head of good quality calfskin, finest quality gut strings. Outfit includes felt bag, pick, instruction book..... **\$8.85**

UKULELE OUTFIT
Light orange stained body, brass frets, swamp cedar pegs. Outfit includes felt bag, pick, complete set of strings, instruction book..... **\$6.25**

HAWAIIAN GUITAR OUTFIT
The Hawaiian method of playing the guitar is the simplest and most effective known. With each Hawaiian guitar is included felt bag, slide steel, finger picks, instruction book..... **\$15.00**

In fifteen minutes' time you can learn to play a melody on a Wurlitzer American Saxophone.

WURLITZER

329-331 South Wabash Avenue

CUTLER

123 SOUTH STATE STREET

THE NOTABLE 23,444

The latest edition of "Who's Who in America" contained 23,444 famous names.

In the 1920 "What's What in Men's Shoe Values in Chicago" there's only one name mentioned.

ARISTOCRAFT SHOES
For All Men

Correct Lasts and \$6.75
Choice Leathers

WATKINS PICKED BY DRYS; HE IS ALSO FROM OHIO

Teacher of Literature in Buckeye State.

Lincoln, Neb., July 22.—Ohio got its third presidential candidate for the 1920 campaign when the Prohibition national convention nominated the Rev. Aaron S. Watkins of Germantown, O., after learning from William J. Bryan that he would not accept the nomination voted him yesterday.

Mr. Watkins won the second ballot after he and R. H. Patton had each received eighty-five votes on the first.

Mr. Watkins is a professor of literature in a Germantown military academy. He was a professor in Ada college, Ohio, for several years and was vice presidential candidate on the Prohibition ticket in 1908 and 1912.

Mr. Watkins was born on a farm near Rushville, N. Y., and is 43 years old. He preached seventeen years in the Methodist church before starting teaching and was nominated for governor of Ohio on the Prohibition ticket in 1905 and 1908.

After Mr. Watkins had accepted Lacy Pace Gaston, anti-clerical leader, announced from the floor that she would "urge her Republican party following to support Mr. Watkins."

A Leigh Colvin of New York, an author, was nominated for the vice presidency on the first ballot. He was born in Ohio.

Drys Favor League.
The Prohibition party today adopted a platform favoring the league of nations, but expressing no opposition to reservations. The platform sets forth the party's views as follows:

1. Prohibition—Give thanks for national prohibition, commendation of congress for enforcement laws passed and of Supreme court for upholding eighteenth amendment and enforcement laws.

2. Nullification—Denounces efforts of the "organized liquor traffic" to nullify the amendment by modifying the enforcement act and condemning Republican and Democratic parties for platform silence on this point.

League of Nations.
1. League of nations—Favors entrance of United States into the league by immediate ratification of the peace treaty, "not objecting to reasonable reservations interpreting American understanding of the covenant." Favors constitutional amendment providing treaties of peace be ratified by majority of both houses of congress.

Notifying the Republican Party Nominee at Marion, Ohio



The Harding Marching club of Marion was the first to appear at Senator Harding's home yesterday morning. (Photos by Lyman Atwell, Tribune Staff Photographer.)



Senator Harding speaking before his residence yesterday.

Deneen Will Enter Senate Race if Three Rivals Quit

Charles S. Deneen's name was put forward conspicuously last night as a prospective candidate for the Republican nomination for United States senator. The entrance of the former governor in the senate race, it is learned, depends absolutely upon the withdrawal of three of the announced candidates, McKinley, Shurtliff, and Chipfield, in the interest of the harmony agreement under which the state primary ticket headed by John G. Olesby for governor was arranged.

The conference of the three announced candidates, held at Springfield Wednesday, developed a deadlock. That two of them might withdraw in favor of a third was considered more probable than that the three would quit in favor of Mr. Deneen. The word that came from McKinley headquarters yesterday was to the effect that the campaign congressman is not disposed to retire from the senatorial race under any circumstances.

Harrison Refuses to Run.
The definite declaration of former Mayor Carter H. Harrison to enter the Democratic state primaries as a candidate for the nomination for governor, was issued yesterday, and the Chicago organization leaders set about to select some other man to head the state ticket.

Tender of the place, by the organization, already has been made to former Senator James Hamilton Lewis. The party spokesmen say he is expected to refuse to make the fight.

NEW CANDIDATES
Springfield, Ill., July 22.—[Special.]—Primary petitions filed here today include:

Clerk of the Appellate court—First district, Democratic: Matt Prans, 1706 South Halsted street, Chicago.

State senator—Sixth district, Democratic: William H. Pontew, 1922 Summerdale avenue, Chicago.

Representative in the general assembly—Third district, Democratic: John P. Walsh, 650 West Thirty-first street, Chicago.

Eight Chinese Arrested; Opium Taken in Raid
In a raid on a laundry at 551 South Clark street yesterday the federal "dope" squad arrested the owner, Charles Mark, and seven other Chinese, charged with smoking opium. They confiscated eight cans of raw opium, several pipes, and half a pound of pipe scrapings.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Aaron S. Watkins, professor of literature at the German-town, O., military academy, was nominated for the presidency by the prohibitionists after W. J. Bryan positively declined.

"\$10 FELLOWS" ASKED TO GIVE FOR DEMOCRATS

Treasurer Wants Many Small Gifts.

BY ROBERT B. SMITH.
Columbus, O., July 22.—[Special.]—Democratic leaders from all parts of the country, here planning for the campaign, have decided to allow any one to contribute "all their patriotic dictates," as one of them put it.

They see no need for placing any restrictions on donations as the Republicans have done. Senator Harding, the Republican nominee, insists that individual contributions should be held down to \$1,000.

"The people we most appeal to for funds are nearly all \$10 fellows anyhow," said Wilbur Marsh, treasurer of the Democratic national committee.

Want to Renew Inquiry.
Nevertheless the Democrats are determined to force the Kenyon committee to renew its investigation of campaign contributions and expenditures. Gov. Cox is demanding a daily accounting of receipts and disbursements. The Democrats will insist the committee pay special attention to the financing by state and county organizations, because the various localities will be expected by the Republican national organization to raise their own campaign funds.

The Democratic financiers have the names of 400,000 persons who are able to contribute. Appeals are to be sent out to these persons to give whatever they can. If a campaign of the same proportion as in 1916 is waged this year it will cost no less than \$4,000,000.

Gov. Cox and his campaign leaders made it plain today they are getting ready to concentrate all their energies for a drive to capture the progressive vote of the country.

White to See Cummings.
George White, the new Democratic national chairman, expressed similar sentiments before leaving today for home. He is to confer with Homer S. Cummings.

Among those who conferred with the governor today was Mrs. George Bass of Chicago, chairman of the women's bureau of the Democratic national committee. They discussed ways and means of getting the women organized for the campaign. Mrs. Bass is planning to have 100 women speakers enter the Democratic campaign.

George Brennan, Democratic leader in Illinois, is here assisting in the campaign planning. He is telling his Democratic colleagues that Cox may carry Cook county by 50,000 to 75,000 votes.

"And if he does," Mr. Brennan adds, "he'll carry the country."

Announcement was made that Saturday, Aug. 7, will be the day for Gov. Cox's notification at Trail's End, his home near Dayton, Ohio. The following Monday, Aug. 9, was chosen for similar ceremonies for Franklin D. Roosevelt, vice presidential nominee, at Hyde Park, N. Y.

Ex-Mayor, in Jail for Marking Ballots, Freed
Springfield, Ill., July 22.—Former Mayor William Nowomo of Coffman, near Litchfield, serving a sentence of 250 days in jail for "tampering with ballots" in the election of 1916, was pardoned today by proclamation of Gov. Lowden. The former mayor already served 180 days of his sentence. The state board of pardons and paroles, upon whose recommendation the pardon was issued, found that Nowomo was unable to mark ballots, as he was unable to read or write.

A HOME DRINK FORMULA.
Add Hersford's Acid Phosphate to charged water and your favorite fruit juice. Delicious—satisfying. At drug stores—Adv.

GENUINE DIAMONDS

One Carat Rings \$350

THE prestige which Roberts & Company have built up as Diamond Specialists is responsible for the large patronage the Roberts' Stores enjoy. We point with pride to the fact that thousands have entrusted their Diamond buying to us and this great following is no doubt due to the customer's faith in the fairness of our methods and the recognition of the VALUE is the biggest and the quality the best obtainable at the price, and as convincing PROOF that we live up to every statement we make the full purchase price will be refunded any time within ten days if for any reason you are dissatisfied. Could anyone expect MORE?

Rare Opportunity
Observe these weights and prices of a few of the "Special Diamond Rings" offered at this sale. There are no duplicates.

WEIGHT	PRICE
4 Carats.....	\$1800
3 1/2 Carats.....	1750
3 Carats.....	1350
2 1/2 Carats.....	1150
2 Carats.....	1000
1 1/2 Carats.....	1100
1 Carats.....	1000
3/4 Carats.....	850
1/2 Carats.....	700
1/4 Carats.....	600
1/8 Carats.....	500
1/16 Carats.....	450
1/32 Carats.....	375
1/64 Carats.....	275
1/128 Carats.....	250
1/256 Carats.....	175
1/512 Carats.....	125
1/1024 Carats.....	85
1/2048 Carats.....	50

Solid 14 Karat Gold WEDDING RINGS

\$3 \$4 \$5 \$6
22K Gold, \$6 to \$12
18K Gold, \$4 to \$8
Engraved Free While You Wait

Roberts & Co.
DIAMOND IMPORTERS
34 South State Street
Just North of Monroe St.
9 West Madison Street
"5 Seconds from State St."
Open Saturday Until 10 P. M.

"LIKE FINDING MONEY"



MAYBE you haven't thought about having your comfortable old shoes repaired. We can put them in good condition and you'll save some money besides.

We'll do the job while you wait; or you can leave them; or telephone Harrison 314; we'll call; or mail them in and we'll return them via prepaid parcel post anywhere in the United States.

HASSEL'S
Dearborn and Van Buren Streets
For 8 Days Only \$7.50 each while our material lasts

Quality Slip Cover Shop
344 Center St.
Phone Lincoln 5178
Will call within 30 miles

Chicago Tribune.
THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER
Vol. LXXIX. Friday, July 23, No. 170
Published daily at No. 7 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill., except Sundays, legal holidays, and 8-Daily with Sunday, one year, \$15.00.
MAIL SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: Zone 1 to 8 inclusive—Daily, \$12.00 per year; Zone 9 to 12 inclusive—Daily, \$12.00 per year; Zone 13 to 16 inclusive—Daily, \$12.00 per year; Zone 17 to 20 inclusive—Daily, \$12.00 per year; under act of March 3, 1919.

WALES TOO ILL TO MAKE SPEECH TO TASMANIANS

LAUNCESTON, Tasmania, July 21.—The Prince of Wales arrived here today, but was unable to reply to the address of welcome because of a slight attack of laryngitis. His physician has forbidden him to use his voice.

Too Much Festivity.
LONDON, July 21.—When the Prince of Wales left Australia for Tasmania, dispatches received here reported that he was pale and fatigued, owing to the incessant festivities in his honor.

OLD TIME ELKS CELEBRATE.
"Old times' night" was a grand and glorious success last night at the Elks club. John Corwin, who for 15 years was a political reporter for "The Chicago Tribune," was the principal speaker. He was the fourth man initiated in the Chicago lodge.

CLEARANCE!

Boys' Wash Suits
Reduced to close 95c
Values up to \$3.00

These little Oliver Twist suits are made of chambray in a variety of very attractive colorings; blue, brown, gray or green.

Also all wash and mohair trousers reduced
Values \$2.50 to \$3.75 Now \$1.95
Values \$4.50 Now \$2.95

AS TARR BEST
MADISON AND WABASH
(CHICAGO)

White flannels
SOME fellows use white trousers for golf; some for tennis, others for dress up or vacation wear—anyway, everybody wears them. Here's some that Hart Schaffner & Marx made of English Cricket flannel. They're \$15 special at

Maurice L Rothschild
Southwest corner Jackson and State
Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

Drink **Sheboygan** GINGER ALE

For Occasions and All Occasions

For 27 years the standard

Sheboygan Beverage Co.
Sheboygan, Wis.

On sale everywhere

Money cheerfully refunded

Motor Wheel SHOP
1728 South Michigan Avenue
CHICAGO, ILL.

Give for The Tribune.

W. K. VANDERBILT, U. S. FINANCIER, DIES IN PARIS

Took Active Part in War
Relief Work.

PARIS, July 22.—William K. Vanderbilt, the American financier, died here today.

Mr. Vanderbilt's death occurred at 6 o'clock this evening. At the bedside were his wife, his daughter, the Duchess of Marlborough, his two sons, William K. Jr. and Harold, and Dr. Edmund Gros, the family physician in Paris.

The funeral will be held on Monday next from the American church in the Avenue d'Alma. The body later will be taken to the United States, where it will be buried in the family plot on Staten Island.

WELL KNOWN SPORTSMAN.

William Kissam Vanderbilt, son of William H., and grandson of Commodore Vanderbilt, one of the most prominent railroad executives, financiers, and sportsmen in the United States, passed much of his time in recent years abroad. The Duke of Marlborough married his only daughter, Consuelo, in 1895.

Mr. Vanderbilt was long a patron of the French turf, of yachting and of automobile racing in the United States. He was the donor of the "Vanderbilt cup," for which motor speed kings contested a decade or more ago on Long

Career Ends

America's Leading Financier and Sportsman Passes Away in Paris.



W. K. VANDERBILT.
[Photo American Press Company.]

Island. He owned a racing stable at Poissy, France.

During the war Mr. Vanderbilt was active in hospital work and relief abroad and in promoting the work of the Lafayette escadrille. On one occasion he contributed \$40,000 to the Neuilly hospital fund, and at another time gave 1,000,000 lire toward war relief in Italy.

Mr. Vanderbilt was born on Staten Island, N. Y., Dec. 12, 1849. After receiving an academic education in America he studied for several years in Geneva, Switzerland. He married Miss Alva Smith of Mobile,

Ala. (now Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont), in 1874, and to them were born, besides Consuelo, two other children, William K. Jr. and Harold Vanderbilt. On April 23, 1903, Mr. Vanderbilt married Mrs. A. H. Rutherford in London, England.

Starts at Bottom.

Upon completing his studies in Switzerland he entered the office of C. C. Clarke, treasurer of the Hudson River railroad, first as a bookkeeper and was gradually placed in positions of trust and responsibility in connection with the great Vanderbilt railroad system. From 1877 to 1883 he was second vice president of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad. He was director of all the Vanderbilt lines.

LEFT VAST FORTUNE.

New York, July 22.—[Special.]—The estate left by William K. Vanderbilt is believed to have a value of between \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000. He, with his seven brothers and sisters, received specific gifts of stocks and bonds worth \$10,000,000 under the will of his father, William H. Vanderbilt, and the residuary estate was divided equally between William K. Vanderbilt and his elder brother, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt.

William H. Vanderbilt died in 1885, leaving an estate the exact value of which never became public. Estimates ran as high as \$300,000,000. He was the possessor of the bulk of the fortune left by Commodore Vanderbilt. Cut up into eight shares of varying size, the Vanderbilt fortune took a different course from that of the second greatest American fortune, that of the Astors, the bulk of which has steadily passed from the head of each branch of the house to the eldest son. The Vanderbilt family, as a whole, however, by alliances with other families of great wealth, has easily kept its position as the wealthiest in America.

WANTS TO BE CONGRESSWOMAN.

Nashville, Mich., July 22.—Mrs. Maude Glaser, wife of former State Representative Henry Glaser, today announced her candidacy for the Democratic congressional nomination in the Fourth district. Mrs. Glaser is a well known suffrage and prohibition worker.

American Blames Japs for Trouble in China

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

SHANGHAI, July 22.—Prof. W. Loughby of Johns Hopkins university, former legal adviser to the Chinese government, in a speech here today

charged Japan was responsible for the present Chinese trouble. He said the Chinese republic thus far was a failure due to Japanese interference in the last nine years. Out of Japanese interference one good thing is developing and that is the development of Chinese patriotism in the fight against foreign interference.

Your Last Chance For Fall Shoes at These Low Prices



A few lines made especially for us. Marked \$9.85 and \$16.

On August 1st our Regular Line of High Shoes will be excluded from this Sale. Buy Now for the Fall.

High and Low Shoes Marked from \$18 & \$20

\$14.85

Add 49c for War Tax A Few as Low as

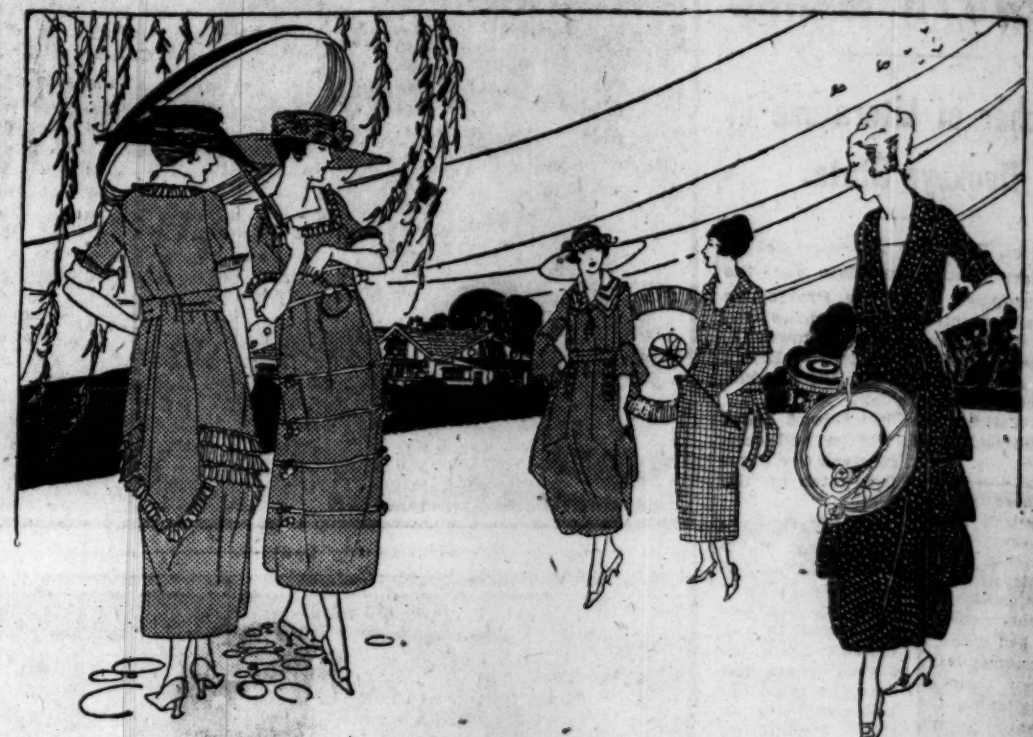
\$12.85

Add 29c War Tax

French, Shriner & Urner

15 South Dearborn Street 106 Michigan Ave.
29 E. Jackson Blvd.

Marshall Field & Company



Entire Group of Summer Dresses In a Special Selling, \$10

THIS group of Summer Wash Dresses in light and dark voiles is most attractive. One of our largest manufacturers made us an extremely low price because we were willing to take his entire made-up stock. For this reason, many Dresses that ordinarily would sell at higher prices are included.

There are novelty voiles in checked and tucked patterns, prettily made with overskirts edged in fluted ruffles, piped bandings, or cuff effects on the skirt, and many other little touches that go toward making a frock attractive.

Sixth Floor, Wabash.

Field's Persian Top Silk Hose \$2.50

THIS price for Field's Persian Top silk Hose represents a decided reduction from the regular figure. The tops of these are all silk with a cotton heel and toe, and are of splendid wearing quality. Persian Top Hose are made specially for us, and our customers will recognize the remarkable value offered here.

These may be had in black only, and in sizes ranging from 8 to 10½.

Hosiery, First Floor.

Clearance of Women's Wash Skirts \$2.50—\$4.50—\$5.50

THESE white tub Skirts, comprising gabardines, sur satsins and voiles in popular Summer models, are well made, and have all the points that make for the popularity of the simple wash Skirt.

There are novel weaves in checked and tucked voiles, all appropriate for the dainty Summer costume. Reduced to \$2.50, \$4.50 and \$5.50.

Women's Skirt Section—Sixth Floor, South State.

NEW VERSIONS OF French Millinery

have just arrived from Paris

As always, the same delightful piquancy characterizes these new models now being shown in the French Salon and the Salon des Debutantes.

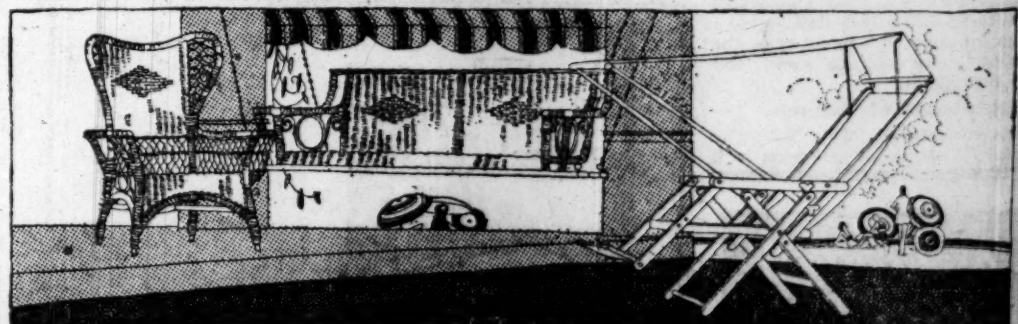
Millinery—Fifth Floor

A Clearance of All Summer Furniture

Old Hickory Armchair, \$7.50.
Green Fiber Swing, with 5 foot chains, \$21.
Maple and Canvas Reclining Chair with automatic awning, illustrated, \$13.75.
Green Fiber Wing Armchair, illustrated, \$18.
White Enamel Armchair, \$29.25.
Maple and Cane Chair, \$4.75.

A Couch, \$26.
A Steamer Chair, \$10.75.
Green Fiber Desk, \$29.
A Chair is \$8.
Green Bentwood Chair, \$5.75.
Maple Rocker, \$5.75.
Green and Natural Settee, \$3.50.
Khaki Hammock, \$9.75.

Fifth Floor.



WOMEN'S SPORT CLOTHING HALF PRICE

THESE reductions apply on the smartest of sport apparel, including:

SUITS AND TOPCOATS
in Tweeds, Mixtures and Serges

Silk Sport Skirts Wash Sport Skirts
Straw Hats

A. G. Spalding & Bros
211-217 So. State Street

We Want 25 Typists

Good paying positions. Simple work, easy to learn. Experience not necessary.

Apply at once
Room 501
Elliott-Fisher Co.
State 5573 37 S. Wabash

ANONA
Green Chile Cheese
is cheaper
than butter

Planters Nut and Chocolate Company

549 East Illinois Street, Chicago

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Suffolk, Va.

New York

Planters
PENNANT SALT
PEANUTS

THE NATIONAL SALT PEANUT

UNIONS O REFEREND NEW RAI

U. S. Issues U
"Outla

Following three arguments over the board's wage award at the sixteen headed last night to the matter up to the in fourteen of the u filed a tentative a proposition. Seven to submit the matte Seven others voted of these last seven Brotherhood of Ma Employes, switched ment yesterday and endum. This can mentation of accept Another organiza which had voted for a recommendation withdraw their act the matter to the comment. By mid the leaders in the city.

It is estimated that turns on the vote received prior to when the railroads protecting wing of guaranty.

Ultimatum Federal government tent at the two road yards through walkout of "outlaw" a new pol This policy virtue ultimatum that us back to work by M mediate grand jury leaders will be start act.

Confers with B Yesterday a con Chicago between M representing the de and the sixteen br this conference, the told that steps in to force the outlaw at once or to fill the railway emplo

In 1900, it was drawn switchmen defeat for the Bro Trainmen, which troiled the yards, of the Switchmen America. Recently at B Switchmen's Union which held the co men with the road furnish the road switchmen to repl out. S. E. Heberl S. U. of N. A. fou do so.

Offer Contra The roads then head of the B. of E the contracts, pr switch the cars w trainmen compl contracts were ca It is said, respon Even the train organization. At yesterday's c was again forced, itz to furnish me other points where

I the nal did the M 626

UNIONS ORDER REFERENDUM ON NEW RAIL WAGES

U. S. Issues Ultimatum on "Outlaws."

Following three days of fruitless argument over the question of unanimous action of the railway labor board's wage award, the grand council of the sixteen heads of rail unions decided last night to leave action on the matter up to the individual unions.

Fourteen of the unions involved have filed a tentative acceptance of the award. Seven voted unanimously to submit the matter to a referendum. Seven others voted outright acceptance.

Of these last seven, one, the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, switched at the last moment yesterday and also voted a referendum. This carries with it a recommendation of acceptance.

Another organization, the clerks, which had voted for a referendum and a recommendation for acceptance, withdrew their action and will send the matter to the men without any comment. By midnight virtually all the leaders in the conference had left the city.

It is estimated that no tabulated results on the vote by the men will be received prior to Sept. 1, the date when the railroads emerge from the protective wing of the government guaranty.

Ultimatum to Outlaws.

Federal government officials, impatient at the two month tangle of railroad yard through the unauthorized switchmen, announced a new policy yesterday.

This policy virtually amounts to an ultimatum that unless the men are back to work by Monday morning immediate grand jury action against the outlaws will be started under the Lever act.

Coincidentally there came a series of revelations regarding policies pursued by the railroads since the strike. In Columbus, O., and Buffalo, N. Y., the railroads centering there have entered into contracts with strikebreakers—paying bonuses amounting in some cases to \$15 a day, it is declared. The sums of money expended for these wages, it is charged, has caused a deficit in the finances of these roads.

Confers with Brotherhood Men.

Yesterday a conference was held in Chicago between Maj. E. Leroy Humes, representing the department of justice, and the sixteen brotherhood heads. In this conference, the brotherhoods were told that steps must be taken either to force the outlaws to return to work at once or to fill their places with bona fide railway employees.

In 1900, it was pointed out, a long drawn out strike of the switchmen resulted in defeat for the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, which at that time controlled the yards, and the formation of the Switchmen's Union of North America.

Recently at Buffalo, N. Y., the Switchmen's Union of North America, which held the contracts for switchmen with the roads, were requested to furnish the roads immediately with switchmen to replace the men walking out. S. E. Heberling, president of the S. U. of N. A., found himself unable to do so.

Offer Contract to R. R. T.

The roads then went to W. G. Lee, head of the R. R. T., and offered him the contracts, providing the men to which the cars were furnished. The trainmen complied, and Heberling's contracts were canceled. This action, it is said, reopened the old fight between the trainmen and Heberling's organization.

At yesterday's conference, Heberling was again forced to confess his inability to furnish men at Columbus and other points where his organization has

For It and Against It



L. Shepherd of the Order of Railway Conductors (at left) and W. G. Lee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. (TRIBUNE Photo.)

held contracts to relieve the roads from their contracts with strikebreakers.

The only union now in a position to furnish union men to the roads is the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Should this union take over existing contracts with the S. U. of N. A., that organization will be virtually forced out of existence.

The Order of Railway Expressmen appeared before the Railway Labor board yesterday through a committee headed by Addison Bollinger, grand president, and Edgar W. Wilson, grand lodge organizer. They are asking \$35 a month increase.

Ask State Rate Raise.

Railroads operating in Illinois formally requested the state public utilities commission yesterday to advance Illinois freight rates so they will conform to the new rates to be fixed by the interstate commerce commission to cover the increase in wages granted railroad employees.

Charles H. Markham, president of the Illinois Central, was spokesman for the roads. He told the commission the government guarantee is keeping the railroads out of bankruptcy under the present rates.

EXTRA SESSION TO END WAR SEEN IF HARDING WINS

Washington, D. C., July 22.—(Special.)—Senator Warren G. Harding, Republican nominee for president, if elected in November, is expected immediately after March 4 next to call an extra session of congress, for the purpose of putting the country back on a peace basis. This is the interpretation which political leaders in Washington place upon features of his speech of acceptance at Marion, O., today, relative to ratification of the Versailles treaty.

Franklin Roosevelt, Democratic candidate for vice president, Attorney General Palmer and other Democratic officials said they had not read the speech and therefore could not comment.

ROADS REQUEST \$1,642,921,085 MORE PER YEAR

\$625,921,085 Pay Raise Is Smaller Part.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., July 22.—(Special.)—Every time a traveler buys a railway ticket, particularly a Pullman berth, he will be reminded of the \$625,000,000 annual pay raise granted to the railway employees, if the interstate commerce commission approves the plan submitted by the carriers today for passing the burden to the public.

The burden discussed today is in addition to the \$1,017,000,000 freight rate case the roads have pending with the commission.

The increases asked, taking the previous freight rate case, and that presented today, total \$1,642,921,085 a year.

The \$1,000,017,000 freight rate increase was asked to provide funds for necessary additions to rolling stock and motive power, essential extensions, and repairs.

What Officials Propose.

The recommendations today for increased transportation rates to meet the wage boost were presented to the commission by Alfred P. Thom, general counsel for the Association of Railway Executives. The chief features of the detailed scheme as worked out by the executives in conference during the last two days follow:

An increase of 20 per cent on all passenger fares.

An increase of 20 per cent on all excess baggage rates.

A surcharge of 50 per cent on all Pullman tickets.

An increase in milk rates of the same amount as for freight traffic.

An increase in freight rates averaging 9.13 per cent.

An increase in switching charges.

Wages Up \$625,921,085.

The official figures show that the wage award is estimated to cost the roads \$625,921,085 annually. The increased passenger fares it is estimated would produce \$228,827,082. The surcharge on parlor and sleeping car tickets would yield \$43,639,344.

The increased milk rates would yield \$5,662,089, and the increased excess baggage charge \$14,200,995. The total amount from all these sources is \$287,559,410.

This leaves a balance of \$338,370,675 to be raised from freight and switching charges. Worked out in percentages, this means an average increase of 9.13 per cent. The amount varies somewhat in the different territories.

On the western roads the percentage asked is 8.023 per cent, on the eastern roads 10 per cent, and on the southern 8.057 per cent.

The original application for increased freight rates was for an average of 28 per cent, which, adding the raise proposed today, would mean an average increase of slightly more than 37 per cent.

LA FOLLETTE IS WORRIED ABOUT PLUTOCRAT RULE

Paints Old Parties as "Interests" Tools.

Madison, Wis., July 22.—(Special.)—Senator Robert M. La Follette has bolted the platform of the Republican party. He has nothing to say, however, on Harding or Cox, personally, but he gives both the Democratic and Republican platforms a drubbing in a signed editorial in La Follette's magazine, under the caption, "The Old Parties Have Failed." The statement indicates La Follette may yet lead a third party movement.

"Popular government cannot long endure in this country without an aggressively progressive party," declares Senator La Follette.

"The Republican and Democratic conventions just concluded demonstrate that both these parties are completely controlled through political bosses by the great special interests, and that the election of either of their candidates means a dictatorship of plutocracy and political and industrial servitude for the great mass of people."

New Ideas Barred.

"Neither of these parties for years

has willingly admitted a new or progressive idea into the policies of the national government. They have shamefully deceived and ruthlessly betrayed the voters who have given them power."

"Having no other purpose than to protect the monopoly powers of the great financial interests which are their masters, they have joined in permitting the merciless exploitation of the people and are rapidly converting the freest and most beneficent government of the world into a tyrannical despotism."

Attacks Railroad Bill.

"Acting in vicious accord, dictated by their financial masters through the greatest lobby ever assembled in Washington, the Democratic and Republican parties joined in the enactment of the infamous Esch-Cummins railroad bill—the crime of 1920—which has paralyzed transportation, stagnated industry, demoralized credit, and thrown hundreds of thousands of workers out of employment."

"It is the deliberated and announced intention of both the Democratic and Republican parties to mortgage the earnings of labor and industry of this and many future generations to pay this debt, with interest added which will far exceed the principal, rather than to compel war won wealth to bear its due proportion of this fearful burden."



Women's frocks: fall modes

—in canton silk crepe and kitten's ear satin

The autumn vogue of the fabrics is assured—and their light weight adapts them splendidly for midsummer. The modes are strikingly novel and individual.

The captivating model pictured on the left is in canton silk crepe, and has a vest of accented plaited georgette, with contrasting stitching. \$85.

On the right is sketched a charming model in navy or black kitten's ear crepe and georgette combined; with embroidery of fine soutache braid on sleeves, bodice, and loose panes of skirt. \$85.

Costume shop, fourth floor

Mandel Brothers



Misses' new-style frocks

—in georgette crepe and silk crepe de chine

Advanced styles of authoritative origin, and with the lilt of youth, are engagingly developed in favored silks, and attractively priced.

Misses' georgette frocks, 37.50

Silk crepe de chine frocks, \$55

—with taffeta ruffles on both sides of skirt and around the neck and cuffs; sketched on left.

—with tucked skirt, and lace trimming on bodice, collar and cuffs; as illustrated on the right.

Also, other smart, advanced models for misses.

Misses' section, fourth floor

Mandel Brothers

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co



Satin and Taffeta Hats

Midsummer Styles That Forecast the Vogue for Fall

Charmingly simple hats. The sort that women choose with genuine pleasure at this time of the year. For they are delightful with summer outfits and equally appropriate for wear with suit or frock far into the fall.

Tiny pleatings edge the brims in some. In others brims turn softly back and are embroidered. Often a single pin of brilliants is noted. Again a vivid bit of a flower is applied.

To be had in black, in navy blue, and in the varied tones of brown. In a group

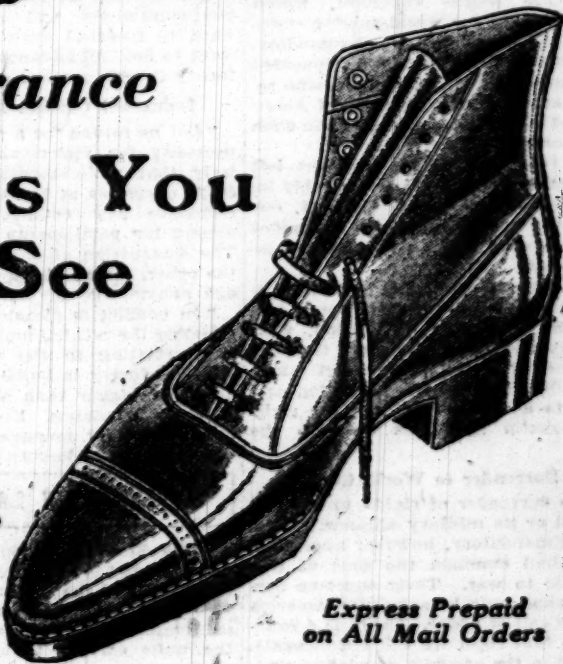
Specialty Priced—\$13.75

Fifth Floor, South.

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

July Clearance Reductions You Seldom See

20,000 Pairs High Shoes & Oxfords



Express Prepaid on All Mail Orders



\$5.85 \$7.85 \$8.85

Values to \$8 Values to \$10 Values to \$12

Others Ranging up to \$13.85

THE HUB

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

State and Jackson—on the N. E. Corner

Another 13c

—Mark of a Printer

WEDDING GIFTS with the Appeal of the Home

The most lasting and longest appreciated wedding gifts are those which help furnish the new home

WHEN you come to Richardson's for a wedding gift, you will find hundreds of distinctive items of home furnishings that are absolutely safe to give—that will harmonize with almost any scheme of decoration and that involve very little money.

A Richardson Rug or piece of Furniture is a gift of sure and substantial appreciation. Just at this time—before our Semi-Annual inventory—you will find many desirable items specially priced.

Domestic Rugs	\$ 5.50 to \$ 330.00
Chinese Rugs	95.00 to 1085.00
Small Oriental Rugs	38.50 to 147.50
Gate Leg Tables	\$22.50 to \$ 60.00
Farm Stands	12.00 to 35.00
Lamps	3.00 to 150.00
Ladies' Desks	35.00 to 175.00
Tea Wagons	18.50 to 75.00
Cane Chairs	27.50 to 150.00
Overstuffed Chairs	65.00 to 300.00
Library Tables	38.50 to 350.00
Living Room Suites	105.00 to 950.00
Bedroom Suites	350.00 to 1000.00
Dining Room Suites	195.00 to 1500.00
Photographs	75.00 to 375.00
Electric Vacuum Cleaners	45.00

Purchases made now will be held for future delivery

O. W. Richardson & Co.

Rugs, Furniture, Carpets, Linoleums, Photographs, Records

125 South Wabash Avenue

Just North of Adams Street

"I don't like the way 'they've' set this ad," the advertiser said when he sent us the original proof. "See what you can do." So we did and he did! If you do—there's more of the same where this came from.

Marion S Burnett Company

626 Federal St. • Printers • Phone Harrison 6591

"Set" in our composing room

Nonna Chile Cheese is cheaper than butter

TOO MANY WIVES, IN THREE REELS, A REEL PER WIFE

Perfect Villain of Film
Faces Mann Act, Too.

The dear reader—adamant in his opinion that polygamy is essentially wicked—will doubtless be gratified to learn that one Harry Toyser, of 1359 West Austin avenue, is feeling the evil effects of too many spouses. Mr. Toyser, in his brief career as a benedict, has assumed charge of no less than three wives.

No. 1—Mrs. Dolly O'Garra Toyser. No. 2—Mrs. Marie Carlin Toyser. No. 3—Mrs. Hazel Walters Toyser. The entire trio, having caucused and met a ballot, are unanimous that Mr. Toyser should suffer for his greed.

No. 1 Only 16 Years Old. Two of them—Dolly and Marie—had the misfortune of watching their husbands get started yesterday, when a fine of \$100 was assessed against their mutual husband for contributing to the delinquency of No. 3, who is only 16 years old. Federal proceedings for violation of the Mann act are scheduled to follow.

Last September a bigamy charge was preferred against Toyser. It was dismissed when not even one-third of the wives appeared to testify. Yesterday the reason for their absence became known.

Out of the lights, Aloysius. A little mysterious music there, perfect. The mellerdrummer, as related by Nos. 1 and 2, is about to start.

The Faked Message. As the celluloid begins to turn we observe an unidentified villain writing a telegram. The messenger boy takes it to the home of wife No. 1. She reads it and proceeds to gasp.

Justice: Good gosh, my sister's at the point of death! I must haste me to Detroit.

While wife No. 1 is throwing toothbrush and nightie into traveling bag to join the sister who is well and happy, the perfect villain dashes forth, grabs wife No. 2, rushes her to his mother's home, ties her to a bed post, and taunts her with a bottle of vitriol.

Billie: Tell the judge you were never married to Harry or I'll annul your optics with this here vitriol.

Having obtained her promise, the perfect villain rushes to a telephone, fixes a rendezvous with wife No. 3, walks with her to a lonely spot, and proceeds to get pugilistic.

Driven from Town. Billie: Here's some lucre. Beat it to Peoria before the undertakers find you.

Thereupon No. 3 gathers up her back eyes and cut forehead and leaves town.

(All right, Aloysius, let's have a look at those madras once more. Give us a bit of jazz, professor; the "house" looks kinda weepy. Guess this film about the Merry Wives of Toyser sorta got under their skins.)

Regarding those court proceedings yesterday, dear reader, it developed that wife No. 3 came here from Brooklyn last August after a ceremony performed by a "navy chaplain" in the presence of two unknown jolly tars. Thereupon wife No. 3 had Mr. Toyser and wife No. 2 arrested.

Wives Form a Union. Immediately wife No. 1 became aware that she did not possess any conjugal monopoly upon her spouse. Being ambitious for a divorce, she didn't much care. Now she and wife No. 2 are living together and working in the same telephone exchange, and wife No. 3 will join them shortly to testify in the federal trial.

Expect to Get a Jury to Try Gene Geary Today. A jury to try Gene Geary will in all probability be secured today. So far eight jurors have been sworn and two have been tentatively accepted. A new panel of 100 is called for this morning and as the defense has but one peremptory challenge left and the state only two the acceptance of the two would jurors is but a matter of the examination of a few men.

Wardrobe Trunks. Cushion Top. JUST as the engine is vital to the motor car, so the Wardrobe Trunk is vital to travel comfort. The Hartmann Trunk fulfills that purpose with unerring satisfaction.

Ladies Keep Your Skin Clear, Sweet, Healthy With Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Talcum.

"Too Many Wives"

Trio Unanimous that Mr. Toyser Should Suffer.



DOLLY O'GARRA TOYSER,
Wife No. 1.



MARIE CARLIN TOYSER,
Wife No. 2.

\$185,000 MISSING? CHICAGOAN ASKS HOSPITAL QUIZ

Doctor's Wife Begins
Action in Ohio.

Mrs. Clyde S. McAtee, 3929 Vincennes avenue, wife of a Chicago physician connected with the government, has begun action in Cincinnati to investigate the death of her aunt, Mrs. Anna Westphal, aged 50. Mrs. Westphal died in St. Francis hospital in Lick Run, a suburb of Cincinnati, under conditions which Mrs. McAtee regards mysterious.

Mrs. McAtee charges that \$85,000 in nonregistered bonds, which she says her aunt took to the hospital along with other valuables, including a new will, have disappeared. Moreover, according to Mrs. McAtee, there is \$100,000 in real estate unaccounted for.

Mrs. McAtee says she visited her aunt some time before her death and learned of the new will, by which her mother, Mrs. Frederick Westphal, was the beneficiary. She also charges that her aunt, while in the hospital, suffered broken arms and legs when nurses let her fall. She wants the body exhumed to prove this charge.

The St. Francis hospital is a private institution over which the health department of Ohio has no jurisdiction, according to Mrs. McAtee. She says they keep no records and did not notify her of the death of her aunt. Mrs. McAtee says her aunt was in the habit of keeping large sums in her home, 1173 Gilbert avenue, Cincinnati.

Wilson's Brother-in-Law Has Nervous Breakdown. Los Angeles, Cal., July 22.—Dr. Stockton Axson, President Wilson's brother-in-law, and during the war national secretary of the American Red Cross, collapsed Tuesday, it was announced today, and left Los Angeles last night to seek treatment for nervous breakdown.

Dr. Axson, who is a member of the faculty of Rice institute, Houston, Tex., has been lecturing at the University of California branch here.

He intends to seek treatment from Dr. F. X. Dercum, who attended the president.

2 MORE '45S' ARE ADDED TO ELWELL MURDER ARSENAL

Gambler's \$200 Gift to
Bride Is Revealed.

New York, July 22.—[Special.]—Assistant District Attorney Dooling added two more 45 automatic pistols to his collection of weapons in the Elwell case today. One was turned over to Mr. Dooling by William Mayhew Washburn, an army officer during the war, who did not know Elwell personally, and the other by a friend of Elwell whose name was not disclosed.

Police Captain Carey, Mr. Dooling and others went with Mr. Washburn to his mother's home, 52 East Seventy-ninth street, entered the house, which was boarded up for the summer, and found the pistol with some cartridges in a chiffonier. It is being examined.

Check His Wedding Gift. The interviews with Mr. and Mrs. Washburn resulted from the finding among Elwell's effects of a canceled check for \$200, Elwell's wedding present to Mrs. Washburn last October 29, and a letter written to her by Elwell in 1918, inclosing the letter of another young woman.

"The \$200 check later was returned to Elwell, we were told," said Mr. Dooling. "Mr. Washburn's account shows an item of \$200 charged against it on Jan. 7 and 8 of this year. When the check was first received at the time of the wedding Mr. Washburn indorsed it and deposited it at his bank. Later, he told us, on the return from the honeymoon, that they checked over their wedding present and Mr. Washburn noticed the Elwell check again."

Returns Elwell's \$200. "He told his wife then that, since he was not personally acquainted with Elwell, he did not think the present should be accepted. He drew another check for \$200, and Mrs. Washburn

told us she returned it to Elwell with a letter.

Mr. Dooling said there had been a dinner party at the Washburn residence on the night of June 10, and that at the last minute Mrs. Elizabeth Clarkson Washburn decided to go to the "Midnight Frolic," taking the place of another woman who had been prevented from attending the party. She left a note for her husband, who was absent at the time, she said, telling him where she was. She and the other members of the party saw Elwell on the roof of the Amsterdam theater with Viola Kraus, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisch and Figueroa.

"Did they speak to Elwell?" was asked.

"Well, they saw each other," replied Mr. Dooling.

Mr. Washburn was in bed when his wife returned home, according to Mr. Dooling.

A Regular
Morning Dish of
Grape-Nuts
with cream
or good milk
makes a fine
start for any
day's work.
Grape-Nuts
Needs No Sugar

Purity, freshness and flavor are
the essential qualities of
imported
Pompeian
Olive Oil



"No 'Ready-mades' for me, Son!"

"I have my clothes made to order—and save money, too!"

If the "price-question" has been keeping you from enjoying the better style and fit of made-to-measure clothes—forget it.

That barrier doesn't exist in Chicago. Here, the best made-to-order clothes are an economy.

And especially this Summer, when America's leading manufacturing tailor house is offering its services direct to Chicago men at the manufacturer's price

—eliminating both the retailer's and wholesaler's profits.

America's Premier
Tailoring
Service

Special for July!

During July, to keep our tailor-shops humming, we will build to your special order the finest custom tailor clothes at the bone-cost of manufacture

Dealers in 10,000 cities and towns

Thirty-three dollars

SUIT OR OVERCOAT TO YOUR ORDER

In the smartest men's shops in nearly 10,000 towns Royal Tailoring is standard—the synonym for voguel and correct custom-tailor styling and workmanship.

But here in Chicago, we act as our own retailers—effecting great savings for home-town trade.

There's a \$4,000,000 corporation and fifty-two years of honorable tradition back of every Royal Tailor suit. Your money back always if you are not satisfied one hundred per centum.

Location: At the Wholesale Plant

731 SOUTH WELLS STREET

At Corner Polk Street
One block south Harrison
Street Depot

15
minutes
will
save you
\$15
or more!

HOURS
8:30 to 5:15
Daily
Including
Saturdays



THE ROYAL TAILORS
CHICAGO · NEW YORK ·

HOURS
8:30 to 5:15
Daily
Including
Saturdays

Did you ever hear of this— outside of a Regal Summer Sale

EVERY pair, regardless of price, is guaranteed just the same as if bought at regular prices—shoes of standard and recognized value backed by the Regal name and integrity.

Regal's Guarantee holds good every day of the year. It makes no difference how little you pay—Regal shoes must satisfy in

every way or you can exchange them or get your money back.

And this also is important

All of our low shoes are included—every pair fresh, this Summer's stock—not a pair of "sale" goods in this or any other Regal sale.

These styles are only a few of the many remarkable values.

\$6.65 Regular prices up to \$12.00
worth up to and over 40% more



The "BILTMORE"

A fine quality of Russet leather. The last broad in ball and heel, gives the usual Regal comfort.



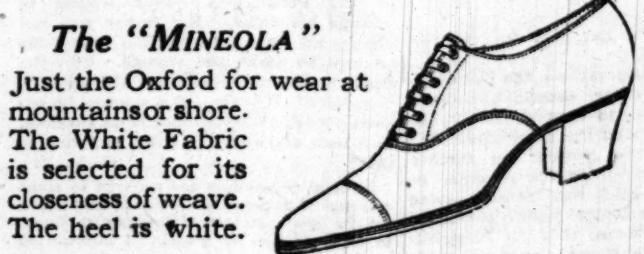
The "MANAGER"

A Russet Oxford of the best grade of leather. The broad ball and swinging outer lines are distinctively Regal.



The "THEO TIE"

A stunning "tie" in finest Black Satin. Medium vamp, high arch, the sides held shapely by a dainty bow.



The "MINEOLA"

Just the Oxford for wear at mountains or shore. The White Fabric is selected for its closeness of weave. The heel is white.

Other remarkable values at \$7.85, \$8.85, \$9.85 and \$11.35
Regular prices from \$10.00 to \$16.00

The REGAL SHOE STORES

REGAL SHOES Exclusively.

for MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

119 So. Dearborn St.

43 So. Wabash Ave.
Cor. Monroe

39 No. Dearborn St.
Cor. Washington

HARTMANN
Wardrobe Trunks
Cushion Top

JUST as the engine is vital to the motor car, so the Wardrobe Trunk is vital to travel comfort. The Hartmann Trunk fulfills that purpose with unerring satisfaction.

\$75
Others
\$50 \$65 \$100

Hartmann Trunk Co.
625 S. Michigan Ave.
Adj. Blackstone Hotel
119 N. Wabash Ave.
Opp. Marshall Field's

Ladies Keep Your Skin Clear, Sweet, Healthy With Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Talcum

Chicago Tribune
THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER
FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.
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FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1920.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong!"
—Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

- 1.—Lessen the Smoke Horror.
- 2.—Create a Modern Traction System.
- 3.—Modernize the Water Department.
- 4.—Build Wide Roads into the Country.
- 5.—Develop All Railroad Terminals.
- 6.—Push the Chicago Plan.

HARDING TO AMERICANS FOR AMERICA.

Senator Harding's speech of acceptance divides itself into two parts. The first is a state paper of first importance. The second is the candidate's concession to political expediency. Concessions are to be expected and may be inevitable, but they seldom are topped by more significant utterances than Mr. Harding gave when he was at his best.

He defined the league of nations issue and offered to the country a restoration of belief in American purposes. The best purposes of the league are American purposes. The methods of the league are not American methods. President Wilson has brought about a confusion which misrepresents American opposition to the methods and asserts that it is opposition to the intent.

The Democratic assertion is that the United States has betrayed its trust. That is Wilson's idea. It is expressed in the platform of the party. It holds that the nation has been dishonored by its senate and will be dishonored by its people unless it enters the league as Wilson demands.

Mr. Harding's refutation of this conception of American ideals and tradition is complete and inspiring, and it is without bitterness. A great many Americans cannot consider the Wilsonian program and statements without bitterness, but Mr. Harding's defense of the country is the better, because it affirms without criticism of the nation's defenders.

He says what every American familiar with his country's history and aspirations knows that the United States has always promoted the cause of humanity in world relations, has always been just to the weak and fair with the strong.

Its policies never have done injustice and its intent is to help. In instance after instance the United States has revealed its regard for the just causes of other peoples, for the wrongs they might suffer and the misfortunes they might have.

It has not changed now, and there is no Republican who wants or seeks to change it. We as Americans have believed with pride that we could and would deal more fairly in international relations than other nations would or could. We have had fewer designs against the territory and liberties of other peoples. We have done more to establish them in liberty and peace.

The United States has stood not only territorially as an asylum for displaced, unfortunate, struggling, almost hopeless individuals from every other land in the world, but it is respected everywhere, except in Democratic gatherings, as a nation whose purposes were just to all other nations.

As Americans we used to recognize this, but the criticisms of a Democratic president and of the Democratic party have been destroying belief in an ideal. The ideal is revived by Mr. Harding, and the conscience of every American can be cleared.

The United States is not and has not been weak in honor, malevolent in purpose, selfish and timid in policy. It has not betrayed its word to Europe. It is not preventing the coming of a better day for humanity. It leads towards that day and it is Republican doctrine, expressed by Mr. Harding, that it leads best as it preserves best the institutions which have made it an asylum and a moral force.

The American republic was born to be of service to mankind and it will be preserved without overlordship to continue in service. Mr. Harding tells the nation what it knows, that it will be in the van and will be in the van with its nationality, sovereignty, and power unimpaired. It will act in any good purpose on its own initiative and upon its own decisions. Its record is free from reproach. Its future will be.

It will not, under a Republican administration, enter the league of nations with a surrender of any of the powers which make it a nation and which preserve its constitution and institutions. "We do not mean to shun a single responsibility of this republic to world civilization," says Mr. Harding, and every real American knows that to be true.

The resolve to shun no responsibilities goes with the resolve not to surrender American rights "to a world council or its military alliance." That is Republican doctrine and it is American doctrine. The Democratic candidate and the party may make this campaign upon the theory that the United States is in disgrace, that it is renegade and shamed, that it should surrender to the disintegrating forces of an international arrangement which has developed neither moral purpose nor effectiveness; but the Republicans will not submit to such a perversion of American ideals and traditions, nor subscribe to such a slander upon the nation or to such a weakening of its national life.

Mr. Harding, turning to domestic issues in his discussion of economics, and in particular of transportation, was courageous and candid. The party accepts the principle of higher wages if the workers will meet the necessity for greater production. The public accepts the demands of the transportation workers if the workers will accept the theory of responsibility to the public. Mr. Harding tells the workers of the railroads that they should regard themselves as in public service. He tells the public that the rehabilitation of the railroads must be complete.

In these discussions Mr. Harding has been a statesman. In what follows he is largely a candidate, making a concession here and one there, to get or hold a vote.

This probably is best illustrated in what he says of national defense. "I believe in a small army, but the best in the world, with a mindfulness for preparedness which will avoid the utterance of our previous neglect."

lack of military intelligence. The word "small" pacifies the country's fears of its own strength. The word "best" pleases national pride.

A small army cannot be best. A small army cannot be as good as an equal body of men from a real army. An army cannot be a good army unless it has real or at least conceivable adequacy for the work it would have to do. Americans may delude themselves that a small army could be the best army in the world, but if it were totally unequal, as it would be, to any serious danger it would be the worst army in the world, no matter how well it could drill or how well it could shoot.

We are nailed to English army stupidity, but the English keep their errors behind the greatest navy in the world, and our public men will not set the people right even when they are intelligently informed themselves.

A small army is nearly useless in a major war. Its very smallness prevents the development of military leaders, first, because there are few men to draw from, and, second, because there is no opportunity for leadership.

Our army in France relied upon French leadership. No Americans ever had commanded an army because no Americans ever had seen one. No American general ever had moved a great body of troops, had even maneuvered them, much less fought with them. The American command in France was French command, and had to be.

If American policy is fixed on a small army American opinion ought not to be deluded into the belief that that army is a good one or can be a good one. A nation's decent regard for its own incapacity might help it to keep out of trouble, but may the Lord help a nation which is weak and thinks it is strong.

What Mr. Harding means by a "mindfulness for preparedness which will avoid the utterance of our previous neglect," we do not know. The candidate concedes something to anti-army prejudice and something to the vague national idea that we have been foolish and wasteful in our military conduct heretofore. We hope that back of these ambiguous statements which go out for the campaign he has clearer ideas for administration.

It is again the candidate who speaks of prohibition by saying that people may be divided as to the amendment to the constitution, but they are not divided as to the enforcement. There probably is more division as to enforcement than as to the amendment itself. It is an American habit to regard morals with a vigorous, stringent law, and, in localities where the law is obnoxious, wink at non-enforcement.

That was done in the New England blue laws, in the Illinois Sunday closing law, in the fugitive slave law, and in the Negro enfranchisement in the south. It may be the mitigating method taken in the case of the eighteenth amendment, giving localities which resent prohibition the out of non-enforcement.

These and other statements are the concessions of the candidate to the political exigencies. Some of them are the harmless utterances by which a man declares the conventionalities of his faith. The army statement is harmful.

We believe, considering Mr. Harding's speech in its entirety, that in its broad significance it is an important state paper, a needed and powerful appeal to the American people to remember the faith and ideals of their fathers, to have faith in their nation, and to preserve it for the great work it can do in the world, to its own citizens, and to the cause of humanity everywhere.

If its rights and strength are impaired, its ability to promote its ideals is impaired. The world needs the American ideal.

HIGH FINANCE IN THE CITY HALL.

Certificates of indebtedness in which the city publicly and officially acknowledges its inability to pay its bills for supplies and materials are being issued at the city hall. These certificates, while acknowledging the liabilities, make no promise to pay except "at such time as there will be sufficient money for this purpose in said corporate purposes" fund, which time it is anticipated will be not later than April 1, 1921. The banks will not touch them.

How the city expects to have "sufficient money" in that fund by April 1, 1921, is left a mystery. In view of the present methods of financing the city government and expending its moneys this mystery is a dark one. With liabilities piling up at the rate of some \$5,000,000 a year, the hopes of holders of these certificates seem to rest upon uncertain ground.

When the city government through its commissioner of gas and electricity bows instantly to the dictation of "Umbrella Mike" Boyle and grants its electrical inspectors and maintenance men raises of \$50 to \$300 a year, respectively, as it did last week, making certain that the total appropriation for that work will be expended in November, there is little indication of an improvement in financial conditions.

Yet the city administration which has put Chicago into this financial hole and which is adding to its debts in the manner indicated is the same administration which is now seeking control of the county and state through the next election.

Where do the holders of these certificates of indebtedness expect the money to come from to redeem them? It can come only from one source—the taxpayer. Eventually the taxpayer will pay the bills incurred by the city hall. If the taxpayer supports the city hall's county and state tickets and puts these tickets into control of county and state finances as the city hall now controls city finances, he may logically expect the present conditions to continue, multiplied by three in so far as Chicagoans are concerned.

Editorial of the Day

BITTER LESSONS.

(By Editor Free Press.)

The report of the relictage committee that Germany was deceived and misled by its rulers when it was forced upon the United States must be particularly galling to the German people at this time, for the representatives of the country are just back from the Spa with their explanation that they accepted almost impossible conditions from the allies because there was no other way in which to prevent armed occupation of German territory.

Through the report of the committee the German people learn how the best informed advisers of the government were ignored or suppressed.

Of course, the German people have known for a long while that their military leaders were either incompetent or untruthful when they said that an American army could not cross the ocean, and they know that they were deceived when they were told that the Americans could not fight. The additional information which the relictage committee brings home to them is that their government, besides lying and blundering, pursued a course by which it would seem it was trying to fool itself.

To that sort of thing all of the humiliation of Spa is due, and while the German people keep their memory of the facts it is safe to say there will be few supporters for the monarchists.

WILSON SITTING AT VERSAILLES CRITICISED BY DIPLOMAT

By Henry Wales.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

THE HAGUE, July 11.—The world would have had a safer, saner, quicker peace, if President Wilson had not insisted on sitting at the green covered table personally, is the statement made by a personage who was in Paris during the conference, and in a position to observe the course of events and to note the mistakes made.

"By insisting on taking part in the proceedings personally, Mr. Wilson robbed himself as president of the United States of his principal asset. By being present he was a hindrance to the house of peace."

"All former peace have been negotiated by plenipotentiaries representing their various governments. When plenipotentiaries arrived, or when one diplomat found himself in a ticklish position with an unsavory proposition being forced on him, he could squirm out of the difficulty and still preserve the good will of the conference by saying, 'I would like very much to accept this, but I fear my government, my king, or my president will not.'"

"Next day he could come back and say, 'Sure enough, I put this matter up to my chief, and he has decided to accept it.' Then the plenipotentiaries would get together, figuring some new scheme."

"President Wilson obviously could not offer such a reason for refusing to accept what the European plenipotentiaries were offering, and he was forced to refer the matter to his 'chief' or his 'government,' because he was 'it.' And he would not admit that he should refer it to the American people, his constituents."

"While Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Clemenceau committed errors in sitting in the peace parleys personally, instead of leaving the negotiations to better skilled experts in international and statesmanlike matters, they at least did not make Mr. Wilson's mistake in cutting themselves off from delay and refusal on the pretext that the president, or the house of peace, or the plenipotentiaries would get together, figuring some new scheme."

"Of the Americans who were with the president's party only one was of caliber to negotiate a treaty; that was Henry White. He was brought up in the diplomatic corps, speaks foreign languages, has been ambassador in London and Paris, and represented the United States at the Algeiras treaty negotiations."

"Mr. White could have held his end up with the others and would always have the refuge of saying he could not give a snap answer on a decision; that he would have to consult with his government."

"Britain would have done better to have placed its interests in the hands of Mr. Balfour. He is a capable diplomat of the highest class and would have conducted the work of the statesman."

"It is no secret that the British prime minister was rather jealous of Mr. Balfour's high reputation among the world's diplomats. It is said and believed that Mr. Lloyd George cut down the big four and finally the big three just to get rid of Mr. Balfour, whose presence at the conference embarrassed him."

"Mr. Balfour's work at the conference was not much. The time required for the stomach to finish its work and empty its contents was not materially lengthened."

"The conclusion is that coffee and tea are somewhat hard to digest, but they are not so hard to digest as the bad reputation which they have in this direction is not deserved. When it comes to the constitutional effects the indictment was more severe. The coffee and tea were not so bad as the one case it went from 150 to 160. It produced nervousness, sweating, tremors, headache, dizziness, and sleeplessness."

"It was no wise to be considered as beverages to be used in an unrestricted manner. The men experimented on were not coffee drinkers. In fact, some of them were not accustomed to drinking coffee at all."

SWITZERLAND DOORS OPEN FOR AMERICAN TOURISTS

By Edward Gibbons Jr.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Special Correspondence.)

GENEVA, July 10.—Although there are a great many American and European tourists in Switzerland at the present time with a large number more arriving daily, the business man at the Swiss border is to visit this Alpine wonderland need not worry or fret over the possibility of not being able to obtain hotel, pension, or traveling accommodations. To do so is to underestimate the enormous capacity for accommodating visitors.

The hotels here at this time number 1,500, ranging in size from the small pension of twenty-five rooms up to the majestic palaces of 400 and 500 rooms. The railroads today are among the best equipped and best operated in all Europe.

It long has been the custom of the tourists going to Switzerland—particularly the case of the large and first class hotels—to wire or write in advance for their reservations. This has not been done so much because of fear that there would be no rooms left, but to assure them some particular rooms or accommodations. This is their purpose and it is well both for the tourist and the hotel proprietor.

The Swiss government also has sent out the following bulletin: "The Swiss Hotelkeepers' association, the National Office of Tourism, and other associations have asked the federal authorities to simplify the police control for foreign tourists, and the government has promptly decreed that at the frontier no further formalities except that of presenting the passport be required, and that the tax which was hitherto levied and suppressed and the police control within the country abolished, and, furthermore, that no formality whatsoever be required for leaving the country. This means that Switzerland is again open to tourist traffic as in prewar times, with the sole difference that the passport must be shown at the frontier when entering the country."

AND NOW A MAN HAS BEEN ARRESTED FOR SPLASHING WATER ON BATHING GALS AT COSEBAY ISLAND. Another horrible blow at the personal "liberty" of the wots.—Brooklyn Standard-Union.

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AND NOW A MAN HAS BEEN ARRESTED FOR SPLASHING WATER ON BATHING GALS AT COSEBAY ISLAND. Another horrible blow at the personal "liberty" of the wots.—Brooklyn Standard-Union.

How to Keep Well. By Dr. W.A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit, or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitation, and where a stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

(Copyright: 1920: By Dr. W. A. Evans.)

STOMACH APPRECIATES ART.
T. JEFFERSON Medical college, Miller, Bergheim, Heffuss, and Hawk continue their investigations of digestion, making use of healthy young men as subjects and using food prepared under the table and served as foods on the ordinary home table. They have devised several methods which help them greatly in their work.

For instance, they have a thermometer which, having been swallowed, records what happens when a person eats ice cream, or hot oatmeal. They have a stomach pump that takes away a man's breakfast expeditiously as he stews it away. In addition, they employ the usual methods of lighting up the stomach, such as by using a thermometer chemically and otherwise.

The two latest reports appearing in the American Journal of Physiology are of a series which have thrown light on many disputed questions about foods. One of these two is given over to a study of the effect of thought and emotion on digestion. The results are striking.

According to those of the Russian, Pavlov, since confirmed by several others. The odor and appearance of good food and the joy and interest in eating it had, for instance, the effect of stimulating the digestive organs to start out with their best foot forward. Reading a newspaper with the meal does not retard digestion. Pleasant conversation and agreeable companions help fill in the picture.

On the other hand, if a man sits down to a meal of Chinese eggs his stomach balks unless he has trained himself to like Chinese eggs, limburger cheese, and other high foods.

Just now we will be interested in the study of coffee, tea, and cocoa. They did not find that coffee was difficult to digest. Drinking coffee did not lessen the secretion of gastric juice. The effect of coffee on the production of acid by the stomach was not very different from that due to drinking a like quantity of water. The production of acidity was somewhat delayed, but not much. Peptic digestion, and other important work of the stomach also was somewhat interfered with, but not much. The time required for the stomach to finish its work and empty its contents was not materially lengthened.

The conclusion is that coffee and tea are somewhat hard to digest, but they are not so hard to digest as the bad reputation which they have in this direction is not deserved. When it comes to the constitutional effects the indictment was more severe. The coffee and tea were not so bad as the one case it went from 150 to 160. It produced nervousness, sweating, tremors, headache, dizziness, and sleeplessness."

"It was no wise to be considered as beverages to be used in an unrestricted manner. The men experimented on were not coffee drinkers. In fact, some of them were not accustomed to drinking coffee at all."

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WHAT HE AVOIDED

[From the London Opinion.]



"Just to show you what you'd 'a got if you hadn't apologized."

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

As but limited space can be given letters in this department, writers must confine themselves to 250 or 300 words. Unless they give their full names and addresses, their letters will not be considered. No manuscript will be returned unless the writer sends postage for that purpose.

AMERICAN MORALITY.

Chicago, July 19.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Where on earth did that crude person who wrote the leaderette on "Our British Divorce Laws" get his experience or information from his sweeping assertions?

He cannot have lived in Britain, or read the contents of the new divorce bill, which is under consideration by the British parliament. In referring to English society, does he simply refer to the so-called "upper ten"? If so, let me assure him that the vagaries of that particular society do not reflect the moral tone or conduct of the people as a whole. For moral atmosphere, the vagaries of America's "upper ten," as seen at Manhattan, Newport, or the Gold Coast of Chicago, affect that of the people in general in America.

You have to live in the smaller towns or smaller communities of this country to find any semblance to the "community conscience" for moral atmosphere existing generally in Britain. Better the fierce laxity of the divorce laws on this side, though I readily admit that it is time English married women ought to be able to secure a divorce on evidence of cruelty or desertion without proving adultery.

What is known as the "nonconformist conscience" makes it impossible for a divorced man entering the cabinet of the government of Britain, or for the matter of that, upper applied to a prominent position. Sir Charles Dilke, in his day one of England's most astute statesmen, had to resign from Gladstone's cabinet because of his divorce. It is time English married women ought to be able to secure a divorce on evidence of cruelty or desertion without proving adultery.

Those of us who were over in France during the world war had to laugh when we read of the hysteria in certain quarters concerning dangers to our boys' morale upon their arrival overseas, remembering prevailing conditions in New York, Chicago, Fresno, Sacramento, and other cities on this side, for we were convinced that if they had come through the unaccompanied there was no fear of becoming demoralized by what they saw in France.

A. J. TURTLE.

LIBERTY BONDS YIELD FIVE. Chicago, July 19.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—As Mr. D. Forrester says in the "Voice of the People," the Chicago savings banks should increase their rate of interest.

Cleveland savings banks have paid 4 percent for several years, and recently in a New York City paper I counted the advertisements of eleven savings banks paying 4 percent. Why should Chicago depositors receive less for their savings? ERNEST BROMAN.

A REAL SPEED LIMITER. Chicago, July 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—There is but one way to kill and maiming by automobiles, and that is to place a twenty mile an hour governor under state seal upon the engine of every one of these street locomotives. All other ways may help, but in the final analysis, the death roll is evident that they are but makeshift

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... Bldg., Colo. Springs, Colo.

Dearborn St.
Polk and Dearborn Sta.—Phone

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 161 W. Jackson

ed Ticket Office
 lvd.—Phone Wabash 4600
 100

SPECIAL—We have taken good care to see that the **VERY YOUNG** man—ready for his first long trousers to wear to high school—can find just what he wants here at \$25.00—values to \$40.00.

Dearborn Station
Polk and Dearborn Sts.—Phone Harrison 3689

Consolidated Ticket Office
161 W. Jackson Blvd.—Phone Wabash 4600
100

1

DEATH NOTICES

ONE-MAN CARS IN LESS CROWDED DISTRICTS URGED

Are Being Used in Some Other Large Cities.

BY OSCAR E. HEWITT.

It has been shown that it is financially possible to make a slight reduction in the street car fare of the surface lines if the rider were not forced to pay more than the actual cost of his ride plus a reasonable profit. But street car riders in Chicago not only contribute to the cost of their rides but also pay for paving, repaving, sweep-

CITIES OF EAST, WEST, SOUTH SHOW GAINS FOR LAST TEN YEARS

Washington, D. C., July 22.—The census bureau announced today the following population figures:

	Popu-lation, 1910	Per cent. increase
Albany, N. Y.	17,004	2.397
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Albany, N. Y.	17,004	2.397
Albany, N. Y.	17,004	2.397
Albany, N. Y.	17,004	2.397
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ing, sprinkling, ice and snow removal, a profit to the city in the form of street rental, and then pay dividends to the company on money spent for paving.

even after it has been replaced by other paving.

The state public utilities commission has clearly indicated its willingness to take advantage of these opportunities, but the franchise ordinance of the companies remains in the way. That cannot be changed, according to attorneys, without the consent of the city, and it has taken no action to date in that direction.

The next question is whether the surface lines are being operated as efficiently and economically as they can be from the viewpoint of money return. Is the company paying more for operating expenses than is necessary? If the cost of operation can be reduced sufficiently, without injury to the service, more progress can be made in reducing the fare.

Might Test One Man Car.

Take a look at the line on One Hundred and Eleventh street. There, as on other lines, two men are assigned to operate the car, and two men on this street appear to a novice to be an unnecessary waste of money. The car operates through a thinly populated section and the conductor has little or nothing of value to do which the trolleyman could do as well. This ret-

erence is to only one line. There are others in the same class.

On such lines, and possibly on others in half settled districts, no good reason has been found in several days' search why the company should not test out a one man car. That would indicate a desire to offset the high and increasing cost of operation.

If the surface lines, as the attorney for the elevated has hinted for his corporation, ask for another increase in rates, a small but substantial portion of the public may ask what efforts have been made to reduce the operating expenses and at the same time maintain good wages and the present service.

Tried in Other Cities.

The state public utilities commission has shown that it is not opposed to such an experiment. It has permitted the use of one man cars in Waukegan, Quincy, and Galesburg, and also in Aurora, although they have not been purchased for the latter city.

It may be argued that these cities are not comparable with Chicago. But why can't they be compared with the outskirts of Chicago?

Even if that is not admitted, there are cities which are comparable with Chicago where a test of the one man

cars is being made. Brooklyn is one of them. A second, and Kansas City is a third. If the management of the transportation properties in those cities deem the idea of sufficient importance to give it a test, why not in Chicago?

Made by Several Companies.

One of the arguments against one man cars is that they are constructed under the Birney patents. So far as can be ascertained that is true, but they are made by the St. Louis Car company, the Brill Car company of Philadelphia, and Thomas Elliott testified in the rate case of the Chicago elevated that they are also made by a Cincinnati concern. Yesterday an elaborate advertisement of the car which the Western Electric and Manufacturing company had turned out was found. So it seems certain that Chicago can purchase on the same footing with Brooklyn, Philadelphia, and Kansas City.

Another objection offered is that the car is in the experimental stage. Admit that as a fact, although some will vigorously question it, it cannot be contended that it is in the stage of crude experiment. It is claimed by reliable authority that up to May 15 last there

were 3,175 one man safety cars owned or ordered in this country.

Another authority asserts that there were 4,881 new, rebuilt, and other one man safety cars owned or on order. But, regardless of whether either figure is correct, there is no doubt that there is a large number of these cars being operated, and a sufficiently large enough number to warrant the local company to make a test.

If it has objections to the cars, they should be given to the public. If not, a test will tell wherein they meet or fail to meet local conditions.

It is not argued that these cars should be adopted for Chicago, and especially for heavy traffic streets. It is only suggested that they be given a fair and thorough test on lines where the company believes they have the best chance of success. Reports from other cities are largely favorable, although in certain communities their demerits are said to have been shown up.

ELECTRICIAN KILLED BY FALL.
P. L. Williams, 34 years old, 1830 Peterson avenue, an electrician, was fatally hurt yesterday morning when he fell from the West side elevated railroad. He died several hours later at the Washington Boulevard hospital.

FEARS CHICAGO FACES GREATEST SOOT SHOWER

Unless owners of apartment buildings and steam power plants act at once, Chicago is in for the worst soot and smoke bath of its history this winter, Health Commissioner Robertson believes.

The coal and car shortages as well as the high cost of smokeless coal will result in the consumption of more cheap grades of coal this winter than ever before and this will mean that smoke clouds will hang thicker than ever, the commissioner warned in issuing an appeal for the installation of smoke prevention apparatus.

Drawings describing the ideal fire box are on view in the office of Deputy Smoke Inspector Frank A. Chambers on the seventh floor of the city hall. These drawings call for a drop wall of the masonry suspended from the top of the fire box about midway between the front and the chimney. The draught of air over the fire pulls the smoke down beneath this drop wall, forcing it over the red hot coals and "burning" it.

Ask for

Green's

Muscadine

Punch

"the Dream Drink"

Muscadine Punch is made in immaculate kitchens, near to the spot where the muscadine berries grow. It is Nature's best gift to thirsty throats.

All Good

Soda Fountains
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Sanitary Cup and Service Company

189 N. Clark Street, Chicago



Cuticura Talcum
Is So Refreshing

An exquisitely scented, antiseptic powder. Gives quick relief to sunburned or irritated skin, overcomes heavy perspiration, and imparts a delicate, lasting fragrance, leaving the skin sweet and wholesome.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura Soap Co., P.O. Box 100, Lowell, Mass.

Hold everywhere. Soap Co., Lowell, Mass.

If a dealer tries to sell you, insist that you get the genuine Cuticura Soap.

Remember, Cuticura Soap is the only soap that is both a soap and a medicine.

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Umbrellas Go to the Main Floor

A wide selection of finest Umbrellas, \$5 values, are offered at \$3.75. Bakelite rings, cap and cord loop. They are waterproof mercerized cotton taffeta, tape edged. Specially priced, \$3.75.

Umbrella Section, First Floor.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

A Complete, Exclusive Specialty Shop for Women

Values of Interest

July Clearance Offerings that merit attention of women who appreciate quality merchandise at lowered prices.

Special Values in Light Weight Corsets

An unusually attractive assortment of models

for Summer Wear, \$5.00



These specially priced Corsets are selected and fitted with the care and attention to details always given our fittings.

Corset Section—Second Floor.

Silk Hosiery Reduced

THESE large reductions offer an unparalleled opportunity to buy a large supply of reliable hosiery at unusual savings.

\$1.50 Silk Hose, lisle tops and soles, seamless; sale price, 95c.

Silk Hose, seconds, open lace clocks, \$3.95. Lace boots, \$4.95.

Silk Hose, seconds, \$1.65.

\$2.35 Black Silk Hose, semi-fashioned, with lisle tops; reduced to \$1.65.

Special showing of Phoenix Hosiery at \$2.00 and \$3.15 the pair.

Hosiery Section—First Floor.

Knit Underwear Considerably Reduced

KNIT UNDERWEAR of well known makers is included in this Clearance at prices that instantly appeal to a woman who knows good values.

\$1.50 Kayser's Union Suits, sizes 4 and 5 only, 95c.

\$2 Kayser's Union Suits, \$1.45.

\$2.50 Kayser's Union Suits, \$1.65.

\$3 Kayser's Union Suits, \$1.95.

\$3.50 Kayser's Union Suits, \$2.25.

\$1.25 Kayser's Swiss Ribbed Vests, hand crocheted yokes, for 75c.

\$1.25 Swiss Ribbed Vests, in pink, size 5 only, for 58c.

75c Kayser's Swiss Ribbed Vests, at 58c.

Futurist Union Suits, broken lines. The sale price is \$1.65, \$1.95 and \$2.25.

Knit Underwear Section, Second Floor.

For Girls and Juniors

THE reductions in the Children's Department present unusual values. The materials and styles of the girls' and juniors' wearing apparel are noteworthy at these prices.

Top Coats and Capes

45 Top Coats and Capes, exceptional values, originally priced \$22.50 to \$29.50, now \$15.

25 Top Coats and Capes, very desirable styles and materials, originally \$25 to \$39.50, now \$18.50.

85 Children's and Juniors' Individual Coats and Capes, formerly priced \$45 to \$135, now greatly reduced.

Little Daughter's Shop, Third Floor.

Tub Dresses

100 Wash Dresses, excellent values, originally priced \$3.50 to \$5, now \$2.50.

135 Wash Dresses, large selection of styles and materials, originally priced \$6.50 to \$13.50, now \$5.

150 Wash Dresses, most desirable styles and materials, originally priced \$10 to \$15, now \$7.50.

July Sale Special Lingerie Night Robes \$1.95



MADE in slip-over styles of White Batiste, Flesh Tinted Batiste and White Cotton Crepe. Some are trimmed with lace, others with hand stitching in pastel colors. There are many attractive styles not illustrated. All specially priced \$1.95. An excellent opportunity to supply vacation needs at a worth-while saving.

Lingerie Section—Third Floor.

New Veilings

A CRISP, new Veil will freshen your summer hat, especially if you get one of colored maline or chiffon.

Complexion Veiling, 65c, \$1.50, \$1.65 and \$1.95 yard.

Special-Colored Malines, 25c a yard.

Special-Chiffon Veils, \$1.45.

Veiling Section—First Floor.

Handkerchiefs

YOUR Handkerchief should lend an added touch to your costume. Dainty white linen ones, colored novelties and, of course, hand-made ones.

Ladies' White Linen Handkerchiefs, 35c to 50c.

Ladies' Colored Novelties, 18c to 35c.

Ladies' Colored Hand-made Handkerchiefs, \$2.25.

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, 65c to 75c.

Handkerchief Section—First Floor.

Gloves Reduced

WHEN Stevens' Gloves are offered at Clearance prices the prudent woman buys several pairs.

Broken lines of Women's Gloves, including two clasp Silk and Suede Gauntlets, shirred and strap wrist styles, in sizes 6 1/2, 7, 7 1/2 and 8; \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 values, all reduced to 95c.

Broken lines of Women's Two Clasp Chamotte Gloves; price per pair, 75c.

Glove Section, First Floor.

Tricot Silk Underwear Offers Remarkable Values

SMOOTH fitting, durable and easily laundered, Tricot Silk Underwear is always a favorite with women who appreciate comfort and economy.

Tricot Silk Vests, manufacturers' irregulars, in pink, as illustrated, each, \$2.45.

Tricot Silk Vests, manufacturers' irregulars, extra length, \$3.45.

Jap Silk Vest, formerly \$7.50, now \$4.95.

Tricot Silk Bloomers, broken lines of black, navy, emerald and purple; each, \$4.95.

Knit Underwear Section, Second Floor.

Clearance of Lingerie Blouses

QUITE an unusual selling of fine French Voile Blouses. A splendid variety of select styles to choose from. Values up to \$7.50. Grouped into one grand lot. Special at \$5.00.

Blouse Shop—Second Floor.

One-Piece Knitted Bathing Suit \$10.75



ALL-WOOL BATHING SUIT, made in a very becoming style and in wonderful color combinations. Special, \$10.75.

Other styles of Suits, \$5.95 to \$19.75.

Caps, 25c to \$5.75.

High or Low Shoes, 75c to \$4.75.

Bathing Suit Section—Third Floor.

SPECIALS IN HAND BAGS

\$2.95 Silk Bags, \$1.95.
\$2.95, \$3.95 Leather Bags, \$1.95.
\$3.00 Fitted Cases, \$2.75. \$3.95 Fitted Cases, \$2.50.
\$1.25 Patent Envelope Bags, 75c.
Leather Goods Section—First Floor.

Japanese Cotton Crepe Kimonos



COTTON Crepe Kimono made with Geisha sleeve, hand embroidered in colors in novelty floral designs, \$3.95.

Cotton Crepe Kimono made with Geisha sleeve, hand embroidered in a basket and hydrangea design in beautiful color combinations, \$5.75.

Lingerie Section—Third Floor.

Silk Specials

The Silk Shop is offering hundreds of yards of silks as remnants. You will find every variety of silk and a wide range of colors.

Black Charmeuse, very special, \$4.85.

Navy Taffeta, \$2.35.

Pink Wash Satin, \$2.15.

Silk Shirtings, \$2.25.

Sports Silks, \$5.50.

Silk Shop—First Floor, Wabash Side.

Many worth-while offerings from the Apparel Shops in Women's, Misses' and Children's sizes. These are all quality merchandise and, offered at the height of the season, present a real savings event.

Misses' Suits

Large Reductions

50 Spring Tailleur Suits, extremely smart suits, individual models, exceptional values; originally \$55 to \$125, now \$25 to \$55.

Men's Wear Pongee Suits, now \$55. French Jersey Suits, now \$35. Silko Sports Suits, now \$15.

Misses' Shop, Third Floor.

Misses' Dresses

Worth-while Savings

75 Cloth and Jersey Dresses. These can now be secured for less than the cost of the material today. Originally priced \$22.50 and \$29.50, now \$18.50.

145 Cloth and Silk Dresses, exceptional values, originally \$39.50 to \$65, now \$35.

185 Cloth, Silk and Tricotelette Dresses, styles for every occasion and purpose, originally priced \$65 to \$95, now \$55.

45 Individual Street, Afternoon, Dinner and Evening Gowns, just one of a kind, formerly \$115 to \$195, now \$95.

Misses' Shop, Third Floor.

100 Women's and Misses'

Coats—Capes and Wraps

\$10 — \$35

Formerly \$15 to \$65

Polo Cloth, Silverstone, Wool Velour, Novelty Checks and Plaids, Silver-tip, Bolivia, Tricotine, Tinseltone, Goldtone.

Just one or two of a kind left from the season's selling reduced to this price regardless of cost. An exceptional saving is offered.

Women's Shop, Fourth Floor.

Misses' Shop, Third Floor.

Women's Suits

Compelling Values

110 Spring Tailleur English Tweeds and Homespuns originally priced \$75, \$85 and \$95, now \$55.

French Jerseys, were \$65, now \$35 and \$45.

Men's Wear Pongee Suits, were \$65, now \$45.

Women's Shop, Fourth Floor.

Women's Frocks

Attractive Offerings

450 desirable Wash Frocks, the smartest summer materials, originally priced up to \$45, wonderful values at \$7.50, \$15 and \$25.

250 Cloth and Silk Dresses, Taffeta, Satin, Tricotine, Serge, etc.; excellent values, originally \$39.50 to \$65, now priced at \$35.

65 Afternoon, Dinner, and Evening Gowns, individual models, one of a kind, originally \$115 to \$195, now \$95 and \$85.

Women's Dress Shop, Fourth Floor.

SECTION GENERAL MARKETS.

BANKERS A CITY HALL HANDLE

Brand Plan of Debts a "Suc"

Big Chicago banks yesterday they will re- at a discount, or to lo- new "certificates of in- ing issued by the city payments to its credi- tions declared the cer- tificates worthless to the by an acknowledgment assurance of payment date and bearing no- the banks do not care an investment, nor- then as collateral for- that the city admini- by a subterfuge mone refused to lend as a st- declare they long ag- ricians that economies and public improv- until the present ge- neral has passed.

Advice Disregard- But, they now say, stration has discreg- and so faces the ne- bills by promises inst- the banks now to buy these promises, bank- mit the city to issue without limit.

"We cannot buy- nor lend money on Mitchell, chairman of- rors of the Illinois- lanking group, said- "They are simply ment of debt. No- payment is set and- est. So they could- as a good banking- bank could tell what money back if it ke- would not be readil- "They cannot be- security for loans. I- would regard them- if we make any loan- credit is perfectly- have made the loan- Dawes Holds S- W. R. Dawes, vice Central Trust Comp- forth the similar pos- "If the banks be- these certificates th- limit to the amou- could put out," he- could use its fund- which the banks al- to lend more mone- left handed way of money that could not- "I do not wish to- with the city admin- "The banks will not- paper. If contractor- to accept the certifi- they will charge- themselves for waiti- or possibly selling- a discount.

"These certificates- by some contractor- have claims against- they are the city

BANKERS ASSAIL CITY HALL; WON'T HANDLE I. O. U.'S

Brand Plan of Meeting Its
Debts a "Suckerfuge."

The Chicago banks made it known yesterday they will refuse to buy, even at a discount, or to loan money on the "certificates of indebtedness" being issued by the city in lieu of cash payments to its creditors. The bankers declared the certificates are practically worthless to them, being mere evidence of payment of any specified debt and bearing no interest. Hence the banks do not care to buy them as an investment, nor will they accept them as collateral for loans.

The attitude of the bankers also is that the city administration is seeking a "suckerfuge" money the banks have refused to lend as a straight loan. They declare they long ago warned city officials that economies must be effected and public improvement work curtailed until the present credit stringency has passed.

Advice Disregarded, They Say.

But, they now say, the city administration has disregarded this advice, so far as the necessity of paying bills by promises instead of cash. For the banks now to buy or make loans on these promises, bankers say, would permit the city to issue "certificates" without limit.

"We cannot buy these certificates unless we lend money on them," John J. Mitchell, chairman of the board of directors of the Illinois-Merchants' Trust company, said.

"They are simply an acknowledgment of debt. No specified time for payment is set and they bear no interest. So they could hardly be classed as a good banking investment, as no bank could tell when it would get its money back if it kept them and they would not be readily negotiable."

"They cannot be regarded as good security for loans. No bank examiner would regard them as good collateral, if we make any loans to holders of the certificates it will be because they are perfectly good and we would have made the loan anyway."

Daves Holds Similar View.

W. R. Daves, vice president of the Central Trust Company of Illinois, set forth the similar position of that bank. "If the banks could hardly be classed as a good banking investment, as no bank could tell when it would get its money back if it kept them and they would not be readily negotiable."

"They cannot be regarded as good security for loans. No bank examiner would regard them as good collateral, if we make any loans to holders of the certificates it will be because they are perfectly good and we would have made the loan anyway."

The Inquiring Reporter

Every Day He Asks Five Persons, Picked at Random, a Question.

Today's Question.
Did you ever know of a red haired man marrying a red haired girl and did they have red haired children?

The Answers.
MRS. T. MATTHEWS, 6716 Indiana avenue, housewife.—Red headed women usually like dark haired men. I have never known of such a marriage as you suggest. Maybe there have been some, of course. I know there were several girls and boys in our set who had red hair, but they never seemed attracted to one another. I guess if they had a child or a they would be sandy haired.

G. S. THOMAS, 1342 Broadway, salesman.—I never did hear of such a proposition. Two red heads would never get along well together. Their temperaments are too much alike. Both have tempers to match their hair. I do not think it would stay married very long. A light haired person should marry a brunette, and the dark haired ones should marry the lights. Usually the children of light haired parents are light haired.

MISS JUNE MASON, Atlantic hotel, theatrical agent.—No, I never did hear of such a proposition. Two red heads in a family are too many, and when there is added a boy of a little red head—well, boyishness has nothing on that family of Reds. Besides, I do not think it possible for red headed people to have red haired children. Most all nature matches up in different colors. So a blond ought to marry a brunette, and vice versa.

LOUIS SEIGEL, 1132 South Troy street, taxicab owner.—Yes, I know of such a case. They are still married. I have been nine years—but they have no children, so I'm no authority. I have heard of a red head woman, however, the red haired woman soon got the upper hand in the marriage. Both have tempers far from angelic, but leave it to the woman with the "auburn hair." Personally, I think that any man who gets red haired woman is to be envied; that kind of girls are in demand.

MISS ANNA SELLS, 6432 Michigan avenue, student.—I never heard of such a case, but I have friends who were talking about that same thing the other day. It seems that this couple have three children. One is a red head, the other decided brunettes. How do they get along? Well, from all that I hear I guess they get along well enough. Both have some tempers, though, and I would not be surprised if they had a lovely time at home.

RECEIVER FOR TAILORING FIRM.
An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States district court yesterday. Claims amounting to \$25,000 are listed in the petition.

WILSON ASKED TO INTERVENE IN COAL STRIKE

All Illinois Mines Face a
Complete Shutdown.

President Wilson was appealed to by a committee representing Illinois coal operators yesterday for aid in untangling the state's coal strike tangle.

The operators said the daily production of the state's mines has been reduced to a bare 100,000 tons, and they are powerless to settle the controversy. They hinted that if the president sees fit to reconvene the bituminous coal commission with instructions to give consideration to the latest demands of the miners, they would offer no objection.

The award of the bituminous commission is the bone of contention between the strikers and the operators. The miners declare the award was unfair to the "day shift" and demand more money and the striking out of the automatic penalty clause. The operators maintain that they can consider no demands while the federal award is in force. It has nearly two years yet to run.

One Half of Mines Idle.

The dissatisfaction of the miners has been steadily growing. Unauthorized strike has followed unauthorized strike, until yesterday the operators declared only one-half of Illinois shafts were idle. President Frank Farrington of the state organization of the miners said the men were now beyond his control. He said a general strike will be called Monday, and coal production in Illinois totally suspended.

If the assertions of the operators and strikers be the bone of contention, the inevitable shut down of thousands of factories, mills, and business houses will follow. Illinois industries have been living on a hand-to-mouth basis for some time as far as coal is concerned. It has been impossible to lay up even a small store for next winter's consumption, dealers state.

7,000 More Go Out.

The discontent of the miners reached a head last week when the operators made known to them their decision not to listen to their demands unless the federal government approved and was cognizant. Seven thousand more joined the strikers yesterday around Harrisburg, Ill., resulting in a complete tieup of mines in the eleventh subdistrict. The miners intend to remain idle until receipt of favorable word from Washington. They demand 25 cents an hour more for "day" men, time and a half for overtime, and double time for Sundays and holidays.

In Chicago the state public utility commission continued its investigations into the situation as far as the railroads are concerned. L. Roman, secretary of the Illinois Coal and Coke company, charged that the railroads are giving preference to their own coal needs over those of other consumers.

20,000 MEN IDLE.

Belleville, Ill., July 22.—Approximately 4,000 men are said to have been affected in walkouts at Pana, Kincaid, Assumption, Tovey, Taylorville, and Nokomis. The strike is estimated at 20,000 men are now idle.

Miners' officials at Staunton announced this afternoon that a strike will be called in the mines there Aug. 1 unless the demands of the strikers are granted. This will affect about 2,500 men.

Throw 7,000 Out of Work.

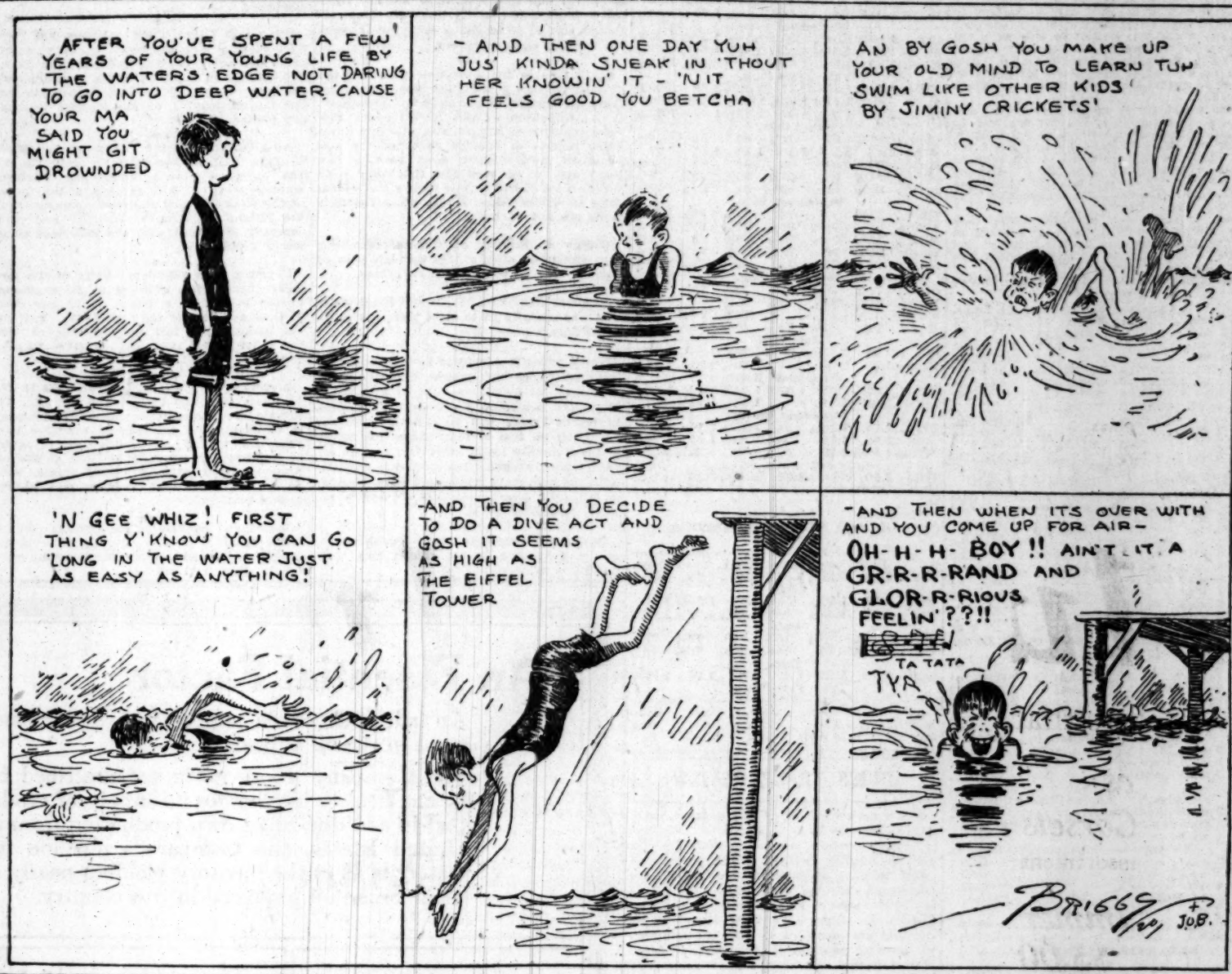
Marion, Ill., July 22.—(Special.)—A walkout of shiftmen in Williamson county commercial mines today threw approximately 7,000 miners out of work. Practically all the mines in Williamson, Franklin, and Saline counties are reported idle because of the strikes. A complete shutdown of mines by Saturday is expected.

South Water Street Firms
Ask \$350,000 from City

Suits seeking \$350,000 in damages from the city were filed in the Superior court Wednesday by firms that claim the city's property is affected by the South Water street improvement.

The plaintiffs and the damages asked are: John A. Tolman & Co., \$100,000; James P. Porter, \$75,000; Fred Oppenheimer, \$75,000; Armour & Co., \$50,000; and Frank G. Heilman company, \$50,000.

AIN'T IT A GRAND AND GLORIOUS FEELIN'?



\$30,000 GEM THIEF IS HELD AS SEIPP DEATH SUSPECT

Man Says He Stole
Jewels in Pittsburgh.

Homicide squad case No. 474 is near solution.

That is the report sent out from the detective bureau last night.

Case No. 474 is the mystery murder of Paul Kanstrup, 35 years old, chauffeur for William Sherman Hay, 3308 Michigan avenue. Mr. Hay is a son-in-law of the late Conrad Seipp. Kanstrup was found on April 24 in a garage in the rear of the Hay home. His skull had been crushed. The case has been steadily defied solution.

Negro Is Suspected.

Wednesday Percy Green, 3539 Michigan avenue, a colored man, was arrested in a loop loan bank while attempting to pawn some jewelry. With a key found in his pocket the police opened a safety deposit vault and recovered \$30,000 worth of jewels.

Last night Lieut. Michael Hughes and Detective Sergeant Joseph O'Donnell, William Brophy and John Dettman took up the work of "third degree" Green. They believe he is the man who killed Kanstrup.

"We have much evidence that this is the man," said Lieut. Hughes. "We believe he killed that chauffeur. He lives just around the corner from the residence of the murder."

The afternoon Kanstrup was murdered he called on a bank and cashed a check for \$600. The notation on the stub of the check said "for diamonds." A key found in the shooting scene of the jewelry recovered from Green had been identified as stolen from a Winnetka home.

Tells of Pittsburgh Robbery.

Green said he had been stolen the jewelry from two apartments in Pittsburgh last October.

He said that while employed as a cook on the Pennsylvania railroad he followed a richly jeweled woman to her home and forced entrance through a window and stole the jewels. Later he entered another flat and took jewels there.

4 Army Planes Flying to
Nome Arrive in St. Paul

St. Paul, Minn., July 22.—After a flight of slightly more than an hour, the four army planes on their way to Nome, Alaska, arrived here shortly after 7:30 o'clock from Winona, Minn. The trip was uneventful.

ACTOR'S OTHER LOVES TOO MANY FOR WIFE, SHE CHARGES IN SUIT

One "Mary Jane" and divers "other women" were the cause of the domestic unhappiness of Mrs. Alice Maeson Koerber, better known as Alice Maeson, actress and dancer, according to her suit for divorce filed yesterday by her attorney, Leon A. Bezniazik.

Mrs. Koerber charges that her husband, Elmer C. Koerber, known on the stage as Elmer C. Floyd, to whom she was married in New York in December, 1919, and from whom she separated several days ago, has been indiscreet on numerous occasions, and names "Mary Jane" and others.

Mrs. Maeson recently gained considerable notoriety when she sued the Marigold Gardens for \$50,000, charging that they had broken their contract.

BABY INJURED; MOTHER FIGHTS DOCTORS 4 HOURS

A mother's hysterical love for her baby prevented physicians and policemen from administering first aid to the infant for more than four hours last night.

Late in the night she became subdued and let the doctors work. They said the baby would live.

Paul Nakoshefski, 1419 Milwaukee avenue, came home shortly after 5 o'clock last night. With him he brought a little horse and buggy for the baby, Lillian, 3.

The child took the horse and buggy out on the back porch. When her mother called her to dinner she fell over the edge of the porch and two stories to the ground.

FATALITIES BY AUTOS SET NEW RECORD; 254 DIE

Reckless Drivers Are
to Blame—Coroner.

Auto Deaths from January 1 to Date, 254

Chicago's speeders, joy riders, and intoxicated drivers are rapidly establishing a record for the number of persons killed by their machines. To date it is far in excess of any previous year and bids fair to outdistance the 1919 record when 420 persons were killed in automobile accidents.

From the first of January this year, automobiles have been the direct result of the death of 254 persons, as against 218 for the first seven months of 1919. It should be made clear that not all of these by any means were the result of recklessness of drivers; some were unavoidable, but the record of deaths stands.

Eleven drivers have been held to the grand jury, ten for manslaughter, and one for murder. Five drivers, who escaped after running down their victims, have been ordered apprehended by coroner's juries.

WANDERER MAY FACE JURY IN ANOTHER COUNTY

Possibility that Lieut. Carl Wanderer might not be tried in this county was hinted yesterday by his attorneys when he was arraigned and made a formal plea of not guilty to the indictment charging him with the murder of his wife and the unidentified "down and out boy" whom he confessed killing.

Judge Hugo Pam then set the case for hearing of preliminary motions such as change of venue, etc., for Sept. 8 and Sept. 13 as the date on which the trial itself would start.

"Owing to newspaper publicity it will be hard to get a jury to try Wanderer in an impartial manner," Attorney Guenther said. I think the best way is to get a change of venue to some other county."

VAMPISH LETTERS OF N. W. U. CO-EDS TRICK SWAIN OUT IN OREGON

Those cutting up co-eds again! A record of their newest stunt shall be made.

Some of them found a matrimonial journal. They selected the names of several of the most promising advertisers and wrote vampish letters. All were signed "Lois Hall."

Now Lois Hall, as most every friend of Northwestern university knows, is one of the dorms.

To date five letters addressed to E. H. Middleton, "Miss Lois Hall" have been received.

"Dear Lois: I like your description fine, what you gave of it," wrote E. H. Middleton of Grants Pass, Ore., "and I would like the balance of it in first letter, picture included. I am a Methodist and have no bad habits. I am planning to sell my property and buy some more in Northern Calif. I have a motor car and expect to drive some before I settle. Hoping to hear from you soon, I am resp'y."

"E. H. MIDDLETON."

More letters are expected—and most of the girls have gone home for the vacation. But Lois Hall is still there.

LOST MAIL HEAD BECOMES DADDY TO 100 ORPHANS

D. J. Foster, head of the lost mail department at the federal building, has handed everything from guinea pigs to cannon balls during his postal career, but he struck a new position Wednesday that kept him in hot water for 24 hours. During that time he played nursery maid to one hundred

LAKE FOREST TO SIDESTEP THE SERVANT FAMINE

One Kitchen to 40 Homes
Their Plan.

Plans for Lake Forest's new millionaire club community, as announced in The Tribune last Sunday, assume a definite shape yesterday when an option was obtained on an eighty-acre site on Green Bay road, just south of Westlawn farm, the Louis F. Swift estate.

The general scheme of the novel project, in which the meals of the members will be "taxied" from a central kitchen to each marble doorstep, is being prepared by Benjamin H. Marshall, designer of the greater Edgewater Beach properties.

Will Serve Forty Homes.

The community, which will consist of forty fine homes and bungalows grouped about a central clubhouse in the Spanish type of architecture, will be known as El Mirasol and patterned after the club of the same name at Santa Barbara, Cal. The difference between the two will be that the Lake Forest club will be limited to about forty members, while the Santa Barbara club is open to the public.

Besides Mr. Marshall the other prime mover in the project is George E. Marcy, millionaire grain broker. Other "charter members" are George M. Reynolds, Dr. Frank Billings, Silas H. Strawn, Philip Swift, Edward F. Swift Jr., E. D. Hulbert, John A. Stephenson, Paul Gardner, Garrett Winston, and Mrs. George Nichols.

Option Taken on Site.

The tract is to be divided into lots running from a half acre to two acres in size. Upon these lots will be the residences of the forty members. Palatial homes will live with simple bungalows in the general scheme, according to the wishes and requirements of the members. The only stipulation will be that the architectural plans must be approved by the architectural committee consisting of Mr. Marshall, Howard Von Doren Shaw, and Arthur Heun, among the leading residential and club designers in Chicago.

Meals Via Taxicab.

In the center will be the clubhouse, a large building with rambling Spanish patio, large dining rooms, private dining halls, reception rooms, and a model kitchen. There will be no sleeping quarters save for the servants. There will be no golf course or other athletic features of a country club. The close proximity of the Onwenta club and the new Shore Acres club make these features unnecessary.

"It is just a club to solve the servant question more than anything else," explained Mr. Marshall. "We have not proceeded to the point of electing officers as yet and we have not even completed sketches of the clubhouse. There will be a system of small taxis maintained to carry the meals prepared at the central kitchen to the various residences and bungalows."

MEALS VIA TAXICAB.

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The Tiny Tribune



WELL, KERNEL, I'M OUT OF A JOB. I'VE SOLD ALL OF THE BLOOMER STOCK. I WANT YOU TO GIVE ME A RECOMMENDATION.

SURE - IF YOU WILL GIVE ME YOUR SECRET OF SALESMANSHIP.

THAT'S EASY - WHEN I'M SELLING OIL STOCK, I SPRINKLE SOME GASOLINE ON MY CLOTHING - THAT GIVES THE PROPER ATMOSPHERE. I LEARNED THE TRICK SELLING PERFUMES.

I SEE.

HERE IS A RECOMMENDATION TO FOGARTY & CO.

WHAT LINE OF GOODS DO THEY HANDLE?

LIMBURGER CHEESE!

DRAGGING THEM IN

EVERALLS
THE NAME
REGISTERED AND COMMON-LAW TRADE-
MARK. Can only be rightfully used as
such. Everalls Soap is made by us for children
years.

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HIGHER PRICES FOR ALL GRAINS HOLD TO CLOSE

BY CHARLES D. MICHAELS.

Higher prices were made for all grains and held well at the last, wheat closing 2 1/2¢ higher, corn up 1/4¢, oats 1/4¢, July leading, while rye was unchanged to 1/4¢ lower and barley 1/4¢ higher.

Black Rust Serious.

Black rust reports from the northwest were more numerous and emphatic in their claims of damage to the spring wheat. It has spread into southern central North Dakota. These reports, with the lighter offerings in the interior and reports of export sales of 10,000,000 bu within a week were the bullish factors.

In the face of the large export business there were claims that export bids were lower and New York buyers were said to be out of the market. There were 8 cars of new wheat here showing fine quality. Country buyers are not taking wheat unless they have the cars.

Buying of wheat futures was of fair volume and offerings were largest early in the morning when prices dropped from the previous day's close. An advance of 1/4¢ followed with the close at 1/4¢ from the top at \$2.59 for December. Selling of December and March at \$2.40 and \$2.45 was on by J. Rosenbaum Grain company. Cash houses bought December and on the bulge at the last some of the early buyers took profits.

Receipts at Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis were 287 cars, against 284 cars a week ago, and 664 cars last year. Exports were 44,000 bu from the seaboard. Short covering in corn.

Persistent and heavy buying of September and December corn by the Armour Grain company, openly and through brokers made a big advance and sharply higher market. At one time it sold freely and caused the break to the inside figures of the day. Offerings were quickly absorbed on the decline, however, and the bulge of 1/4¢ followed, with the close well toward the top.

Large amounts of short corn have been covered in the last two days and the surplus has been taken off the market. Some traders were more disposed to take the buying side on breaks.

Buying of September oats by Van Ness was a feature of that market. The undertone, however, was not as strong as corn, due to profit taking by some of the buyers on the recent decline. July showed further congestion and gained 1/4¢ on the September. Corn crops were favorable and first threshing returns from central Illinois show large yields of good quality.

Exporters were out of the market for rye, and the market made a poor response to the strength in other grains, closing practically unchanged. The supply was some buying of July by the seaboard. Small sales were made Wednesday at 18c over September, track Baltimore, first half of September shipment, with buyers at that figure yesterday. No. 2 on track was July price with sales at \$2.26 1/2. Receipts, 10 cars.

Barley declined 1/4¢ with mixers the best buyers. A fair amount of light weight grain was sold at the decline. Packers help market.

Provision prices closed around the top with gains of 1/4¢ to 2/4¢ on lard, 2c on short ribs and 5c on pork. Lower prices for hogs early led to a little selling which was taken advantage of by packers to absorb the offerings. Strength in corn was a help toward the last, creating strength and higher prices. July ribs were bid up on light offerings to 40c over September. Country packers sold 290,000 lbs lard to stock here at 50c over September, while lard brought \$1.00 over September. July deliveries were 150,000 lbs lard. Cash trade on the whole was slow. Prices followed:

Provision prices closed around the top with gains of 17½c to 20c on lard, 20c on shorts ribs and 50c on pork. Lower prices for hogs early led to a little selling which was taken advantage of by packers to absorb the offerings. Strength in corn was a help toward the last, creating strength and higher prices. July ribs were bid up on light offerings to 40c under September. Country packers sold 500,000 lbs lard to come here at 50c under September, while lobe lard brought \$1.00 under September. July deliveries were 50,000 lbs lard. Cash trade on the whole was slow. Prices follow:

London

HOGS OPEN WEAK, BUT RALLY AT SESSION'S END

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

Prices on live stock at Chicago yesterday

HOGS	
Bulk of sales	15.40@15.50
Heavy butchers	15.40@15.50
Medium weight	15.40@15.50
Light butchers	15.40@15.50
Light hams	15.40@15.50
Light hams	15.40@15.50
Light hams	15.40@15.50
Light hams	15.40@15.50
Light hams	15.40@15.50
Light hams	15.40@15.50

CHICAGO CATTLE

CATTLE	
Bulk of sales	12.00@12.10
Heavy butchers	12.00@12.10
Medium weight	12.00@12.10
Light butchers	12.00@12.10
Light hams	12.00@12.10
Light hams	12.00@12.10
Light hams	12.00@12.10
Light hams	12.00@12.10
Light hams	12.00@12.10
Light hams	12.00@12.10

CHICAGO SHEEP

SHEEP	
Bulk of sales	10.00@10.10
Heavy butchers	10.00@10.10
Medium weight	10.00@10.10
Light butchers	10.00@10.10
Light hams	10.00@10.10
Light hams	10.00@10.10
Light hams	10.00@10.10
Light hams	10.00@10.10
Light hams	10.00@10.10
Light hams	10.00@10.10

CHICAGO PORK

PORK	
Bulk of sales	11.00@11.10
Heavy butchers	11.00@11.10
Medium weight	11.00@11.10
Light butchers	11.00@11.10
Light hams	11.00@11.10
Light hams	11.00@11.10
Light hams	11.00@11.10
Light hams	11.00@11.10
Light hams	11.00@11.10
Light hams	11.00@11.10

CHICAGO BEEF

BEEF	
Bulk of sales	13.00@13.10
Heavy butchers	13.00@13.10
Medium weight	13.00@13.10
Light butchers	13.00@13.10
Light hams	13.00@13.10
Light hams	13.00@13.10
Light hams	13.00@13.10
Light hams	13.00@13.10
Light hams	13.00@13.10
Light hams	13.00@13.10

CHICAGO LAMB

LAMB	
Bulk of sales	14.00@14.10
Heavy butchers	14.00@14.10
Medium weight	14.00@14.10
Light butchers	14.00@14.10
Light hams	14.00@14.10
Light hams	14.00@14.10
Light hams	14.00@14.10
Light hams	14.00@14.10
Light hams	14.00@14.10
Light hams	14.00@14.10

CHICAGO BUTTER

BUTTER	
Bulk of sales	15.00@15.10
Heavy butchers	15.00@15.10
Medium weight	15.00@15.10
Light butchers	15.00@15.10
Light hams	15.00@15.10
Light hams	15.00@15.10
Light hams	15.00@15.10
Light hams	15.00@15.10
Light hams	15.00@15.10
Light hams	15.00@15.10

CHICAGO EGGS

EGGS	
Bulk of sales	16.00@16.10
Heavy butchers	16.00@16.10
Medium weight	16.00@16.10
Light butchers	16.00@16.10
Light hams	16.00@16.10
Light hams	16.00@16.10
Light hams	16.00@16.10
Light hams	16.00@16.10
Light hams	16.00@16.10
Light hams	16.00@16.10

CHICAGO CORN

CORN	
Bulk of sales	17.00@17.10
Heavy butchers	17.00@17.10
Medium weight	17.00@17.10
Light butchers	17.00@17.10
Light hams	17.00@17.10
Light hams	17.00@17.10
Light hams	17.00@17.10
Light hams	17.00@17.10
Light hams	17.00@17.10
Light hams	17.00@17.10

CHICAGO WHEAT

WHEAT	
Bulk of sales	18.00@18.10
Heavy butchers	18.00@18.10
Medium weight	18.00@18.10
Light butchers	18.00@18.10
Light hams	18.00@18.10
Light hams	18.00@18.10
Light hams	18.00@18.10
Light hams	18.00@18.10
Light hams	18.00@18.10
Light hams	18.00@18.10

CHICAGO OATS

OATS	
Bulk of sales	19.00@19.10
Heavy butchers	19.00@19.10
Medium weight	19.00@19.10
Light butchers	19.00@19.10
Light hams	19.00@19.10
Light hams	19.00@19.10
Light hams	19.00@19.10
Light hams	19.00@19.10
Light hams	19.00@19.10
Light hams	19.00@19.10

CHICAGO RYE

RYE	
Bulk of sales	20.00@20.10
Heavy butchers	20.00@20.10
Medium weight	20.00@20.10
Light butchers	20.00@20.10
Light hams	20.00@20.10
Light hams	20.00@20.10
Light hams	20.00@20.10
Light hams	20.00@20.10
Light hams	20.00@20.10
Light hams	20.00@20.10

CHICAGO BARLEY

BARLEY	
Bulk of sales	21.00@21.10
Heavy butchers	21.00@21.10
Medium weight	21.00@21.10
Light butchers	21.00@21.10
Light hams	21.00@21.10
Light hams	21.00@21.10
Light hams	21.00@21.10
Light hams	21.00@21.10
Light hams	21.00@21.10
Light hams	21.00@21.10

CHICAGO SUGAR

SUGAR	
Bulk of sales	22.00@22.10
Heavy butchers	22.00@22.10
Medium weight	22.00@22.10
Light butchers	22.00@22.10
Light hams	22.00@22.10
Light hams	22.00@22.10
Light hams	22.00@22.10
Light hams	22.00@22.10
Light hams	22.00@22.10
Light hams	22.00@22.10

CHICAGO COFFEE

COFFEE	
Bulk of sales	23.00@23.10
Heavy butchers	23.00@23.10
Medium weight	23.00@23.10
Light butchers	23.00@23.10
Light hams	23.00@23.10
Light hams	23.00@23.10
Light hams	23.00@23.10
Light hams	23.00@23.10
Light hams	23.00@23.10
Light hams	23.00@23.10

CHICAGO TEA

TEA	
Bulk of sales	24.00@24.10
Heavy butchers	24.00@24.10
Medium weight	24.00@24.10
Light butchers	24.00@24.10
Light hams	24.00@24.10
Light hams	24.00@24.10
Light hams	24.00@24.10
Light hams	24.00@24.10
Light hams	24.00@24.10
Light hams	24.00@24.10

PRODUCE MARKETS

YEAR'S BIGGEST REALTY DEAL IS MADE IN INDIANA

BY AL CHASE.

Two hundred members of the Chicago Real Estate board yesterday voted the fastest and biggest realty deal of the year when they took title to Michigan City, Ind., at 1 p. m. The deal was made by the Chicago Real Estate board, which had been negotiating for the property for several months. The deal was made by the Chicago Real Estate board, which had been negotiating for the property for several months. The deal was made by the Chicago Real Estate board, which had been negotiating for the property for several months.

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Light clean work and
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from 1d to 30 years; 4
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To cover and line as
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operate automa
y work and fine o
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night work in ca
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position; good C
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for light fa
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... to dealers.
MRS. ROBINSON
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BUICK

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BUICK TOUR
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BUICK 1919
Paint, top, and
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TOURING
mechanical condition
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47th-st. Oak
AC-VICTOR

the model
terful shape
39 Michigan
AC-CONDIT
perfect; sell
6248 Broad
AC-MODEL
4 new tires.
39 Michigan

Vacation and Hot Weather Needs



Electric Fans

Keep you cool on the hottest days. This six-inch

Polar Cub

produces an Arctic breeze on either direct or alternating current; price

5.75
Sixth Floor.



Colored Silk Umbrellas

For Sun or Shower

Colorful—smart, these all-season umbrellas of good quality taffeta waterproof silk. Blue, green, purple and black. Plain curved handles and some with the popular bakelite tops.

Children's Parasols

Big variety in fancy bright colors, colored cottons and silks, each.

Smokers' Needs

Jose Villa Roths, 10c each; 4.85 box of 50.
Elector, 3 for 25c; box of 50 for \$4.
Pax Mundt, 3 for 25c; box of 50 for \$4.
Velvet, 17c tin; 8 for 1.03.
Condux, No. 1, carton of 260 for French briar pipes, warranted not to burn out or crack, each.



3.10
69c



Frankfurters, Lb., 19c

Export, Roberts & Oake's. For Red Hots or Sandwiches.
Bottled Ham—Swift's Premium. Very lean, center cuts, pound, Libby's Salmon—No. 1, Tall can, 39c.

Lemons, Dozen, 15c

Fancy, large, imported. Very juicy.

Swiss Cheese, 59c

Fancy. Very fine. 59c the pound.

Lobsters, Live or Broiled, 60c

Shrimp—Fresh, boiled, at 32c.

KODAKS, Etc.

We carry a full and complete line of Eastman Kodak cameras; also the Graflex line; prices range from

2.86 to 167.73.

Hawkeye Film, 3A Kodak, 6 exp., 4c; 3 Kodak or 3 Brownie, 6 exp., 3c; 1A Kodak or 2 Brownie, 6 exp., 2c; 2 Brownie, 6 exp., or V. P. 8 exp., at 19c.

Fishing Tackle

Bait Casting Reels, quad-

ruple, multiplying, agate bearing; capacity 60, 4.48

1920 Fairview Steel Bait Casting Reels (the only steel rod made with an extra tip at no extra cost), agate guide and tip; three joint cork hand grasp, at 4.25

Base-O-Rene Bait, single detachable hooks, 7c

value at 59c

Blitz-Em-Bait, Webber's and wiggles, 75c

value, 48c

Second Floor.

Resolute a

rock in Fin

BY MONTAGUE

New York, July 23

at two races each, 8

green Shamrock I

the America's cup,

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Women's Pumps—Oxfords

\$4.00 white sea island canvas pumps and oxfords. Louis and military heels. Featured at

2.95

Men's Canvas Oxfords

White cool cloth oxfords in several styles. Leather soles. Specially priced at

1.98

Main Floor.



Special Midsummer Values Are These

Dainty Dresses

Of Sheer Cotton Fabrics

FOR somebody's garden party, for outings, for evening affairs, for any of the countless summer festivities that demand fresh, dainty apparel, you will want one or more of these attractive dresses—so crisp and cool—more especially when you note the moderateness of prices, noted below:

Linene dresses at..... 5.95
Gingham dresses at..... 6.95 to 8.95
Patterned voile dresses at... 3.95 to 16.75
Organdie dresses at..... 6.95 to 19.75
Dotted Swisses at..... 13.50 to 19.75
Linen dresses at..... 11.95 to 16.75
Lace and net dresses at... 16.75 to 49.75

Third Floor.

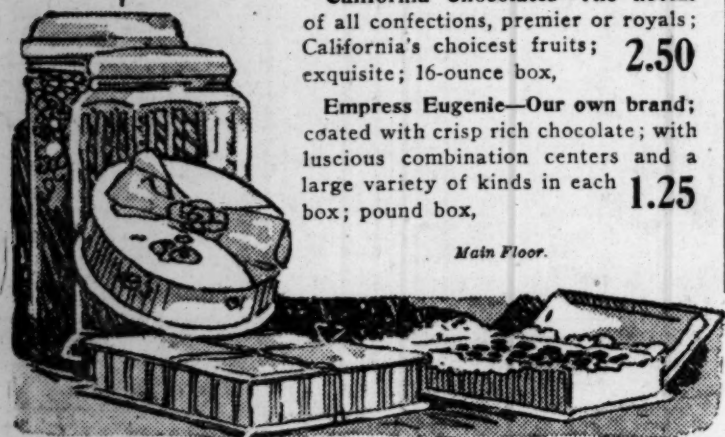
Delicious Candies

Satin finished high grade candies in jars, assortment as follows: opera or satin finished stick, chip, curls, buds, etc., in assorted flavors; two sizes, 69c and 39c and

California Chocolates—The nectar of all confections, premier or royals; California's choicest fruits; 2.50

Empress Eugenie—Our own brand; coated with crisp rich chocolate; with luscious combination centers and a large variety of kinds in each 1.25

Main Floor.



Men's Suits

Palm Beach and Outing

Sharply Reduced

Odd lot of Palm Beach and outing suits—also mohairs. Broken lots and sizes. Worth up to \$19.85, on sale at

11.75

Palm Beach and outing suits—including many fine mohairs. All sizes and styles, light and dark colors and patterns. Kirschbaum and other famed makes. Values to \$27.50 in this lot of splendid suits at

17.75

Second Floor.



Men's Bathing Suits

In a great variety of styles and combinations; materials ranging from cotton to the finest grade worsteds; 12.50

priced from 2.48 to

Boys' Bathing Suits, 1.98 to 10.50

Women's Bathing Suits

High grade knitted suits in a good assortment of styles, including the famous Neptune's Daughter suits, 20.95

A special lot of women's knitted bathing suits in Copenhagen, oxford, green, black, etc., sizes 36 to 42, while they last, 7.89

Old Sol Spot Lights

The Liberty Old Sol spotlights

with mirror, regular

5.50 value, at

3.75

Combination

oil and grease

guns, 1.50 value,

priced

98c

at

Mistokleen,

cleans and pol-

ishes; for car or

home, 1/4-gallon

can, \$1

value, 45c

Sterling 1-ton

auto

jacks, 3.98

Mormiles Tablets; insure

more power and speed, 79c

the \$1 can for

Automobile picnic set—consists of

six Lily paper cups, six spoons, ten

8-inch

water-

proof

plates, ten

crepe nap-

kins, for

25c

Second Floor.

Belber Trunks

Steamer or taxi wardrobe

trunks, fibre cover, cretonne lin-

ing, 2 drawers, hat compartment,

six hangers, laun-

dry bag, spring

lock, draw bolts,

24-in. fibre suit case, steel frames,

corners, brass lock and

catches,

walrus grain leather, bags,

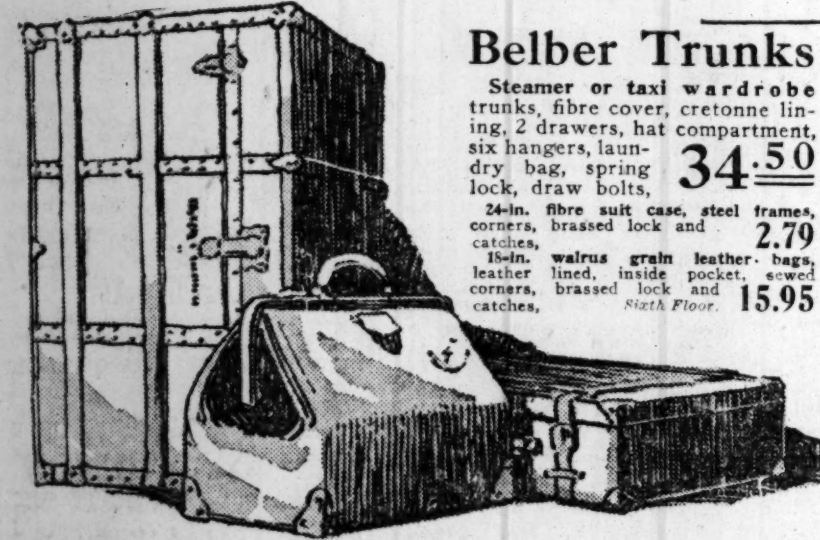
leather lined, inside pocket, sewed

corners, brass lock and

catches,

15.95

Sixth Floor.



Garden Cultivator & Hose

Garden cultivator, equipped with full set of

interchangeable tools, 24-inch drive wheels,

3.98

50-foot section of heavy

York garden hose. This is a

guaranteed brand, will wear

for a number

of years with

ordinary

care.

Brass hose nozzle, will throw

a spray or straight

stream.

48c

Sixth Floor.



Colonel Golf Balls, 69c Each

Colonel recessed marked golf balls, 27, 29, 31 put.

Limit of 4 to a customer. Regularly \$1, special, each,

Men's Golf Shoes English Golf Hose